Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXIX, NO. [illegible] HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1904.—SEMI-WEEKLY. WHOLE No. [illegible]

GEN. KUROPATKIN'S ARMY IN A TIGHT PLACE

A CAVALRY SKIRMISH IN MANCHURIA.

St. Petersburg Fears That Force May Be Surrounded—London Says Its Retreat Has Been Cut Off—Czar's Force Will Evacuate Mukden.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 6.—It is reported that Kuropatkin's rear guard has been almost annihilated and that the main army is in danger of being surrounded.

RETREAT CUT OFF.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Kuropatkin's retreat has been cut off. Kuroki is ten miles north of Liaoyang.

KUROPATKIN'S ESTIMATES OF LOSS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 6.—Kuropatkin estimates his losses at [illegible] and those of the Japanese as probably double.

INTENTIONS OF BALTIC FLEET.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 6.—It is reported that the Baltic fleet will sail next week, its destination being dependent on Port Arthur's holding out.

WILL EVACUATE MUKDEN.

MUKDEN, Sept. 6.—The Russians are preparing to evacuate this city. The Japanese are within thirty miles of it.

The Japanese force which is reported to be within thirty miles of Mukden is probably a division which [illegible] Liaoyang [illegible] Mukden [illegible]

The [illegible] of the Japanese army pursuing Kuropatkin to a [illegible] miles north of Liaoyang places that force within [illegible] miles of Mukden. [illegible]

[illegible] Japanese [illegible] Mukden [illegible]

SITUATION AT PORT ARTHUR.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The Russians have mounted more guns adjacent to Port Arthur and are shelling the Japanese positions. The besieging army has been reinforced by the Eighth division under General [illegible] which has landed at Dalny, taking the place of the division that went north to Haicheng.

SHANGHAI STILL WATCHED.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 6.—China decides that the Russian vessels in treaty ports are under the control of the customs and the Russian consuls. A Japanese fleet is still outside Shanghai and torpedo boats are coming into port daily to get [illegible]

BATTLE CONTINUED SUNDAY.

TOKIO, Sept. 5.—Fighting has continued throughout Sunday in the vicinity of Liaoyang.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 5.—General Kuropatkin with the greater part of his army including General Stakelberg's corps is at Yentai, twelve miles northeast of Liaoyang. The Russian losses are officially stated at [illegible]

[illegible] regiment with [illegible] guns has not been lost as previously reported.

DIANA TO BE DISARMED.

SAIGON, Sept. 5.—The Russian cruiser Diana has been ordered disarmed.

MARSHAL OYAMA'S REPORT.

Washington, September 4, 1904.
(Received at [illegible] p. m.)

To Japanese Consul, Honolulu:

Marshal Oyama reports at [illegible] September [illegible] that our center and left armies continued attack [illegible] the enemy [illegible] Liaoyang. All buildings near the railway station at Liaoyang [illegible] Saturday. [illegible] Saturday night and Sunday morning Liaoyang fell entirely into our hands.

[illegible]

CAMPAIGN WILL OPEN BEFORE END OF MONTH

Republican Territorial Committee Holds First Meeting—New Precincts Will Be Called to Organize Clubs.

Last night the Republican Territorial Central Committee [illegible] for the first time [illegible] Republican [illegible]

[illegible] present [illegible] Robertson [illegible] Harris [illegible]

[illegible] new precincts [illegible] district committees [illegible] organization of clubs in the new precincts.

[illegible]

[illegible] district committee [illegible] Senators and Representatives [illegible]

[illegible] English, Hawaiian and Portuguese for general distribution.

[illegible] campaign [illegible]

[illegible] other islands [illegible]

[illegible]

CHICAGO STRIKE ENDING.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Indications were last night that the strike will be called off.

QUEEN HAS RECEPTION

Friends and Retainers Celebrate Her Birthday.

[illegible]

THE LATE JUDGE ESTEE'S POSTHUMOUS REVERSAL

[illegible]

WHAT IT WILL DO.

[illegible]

A BOSTON WONDER

J. P. MAGANN CURED OF PARALYSIS AFTER TWO STROKES.

The Widely Known Boston Manufacturer Regains Perfect Health and Praises Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

[illegible]

KUMALAE SQUELCHED

Kuhio Gives Recreant Republican a Hot Roasting.

[illegible]

[illegible]

KONA CASE SETTLEMENT

Mrs. Gertz's Dear Suit Cummins Springs Sensation

[illegible]

PARTY SPIRIT ROSE HIGH AT THE HILO CONVENTION

Kahio Said His Name Didn't Appear in the Papers But That He Did Things in a Quiet Way—Much Spellbinding.

[illegible]

ATKINSON AS ARBIT

How the Secretary Put Down the Road Strike.

[illegible]

DEATH OF C. B. DWIGHT

[illegible]

EAST HAWAII NAMES A GOOD TICKET

[illegible]

HILO HAS A RIGHTEOUS KICK

[illegible]

waiian Gazette.

d at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. T., Second-class Matter.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

WALTER G. SMITH, Editor.

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TUESDAY : : : SEPTEMBER 6

A GREAT POLITICAL QUESTION.

If the Republican party, after the war, had tried to make itself acceptable to the white men of the Southern States, there would have been a more perfect union and no Solid South. In the early days the South had about as many Whigs as Democrats. Clay was a Whig leader and so were many who became only less famous than he. On general principles of government apart from those affecting race, the Southern Whigs were in sympathy with the new Republican party and today the Gulf States, especially Alabama, are as strongly protectionist as the Northern Atlantic States. There is also a strong sound money and expansionist element there; yet practically all of it votes the Democratic ticket in protest against the Republican policy of building up the political interests of the negro.

Politically a wiser plan would have been to leave the negro question in the hands of the Southern people. But during the reconstruction period the Republicans put the black man in power and by so doing nearly ruined the country and gave the Democracy a well-nigh perpetual lien on a great array of electoral votes. After the Federal troops were withdrawn from the polls, as they were some ten or twelve years after the war, the white men asserted their right, as the ruling class, to manage the politics of the various States. Then the Republicans flaunted the "bloody shirt" through several campaigns and hopelessly alienated even the men of the New South of whom so much was beginning to be heard.

Things quieted down in process of years and during McKinley's administration the strong racial prejudices of the South were treated, on the whole, respectfully with the result that the Solid South began to crumble. Then came the Booker Washington and Crum incidents of the Roosevelt administration—an assertion of social equality in the one instance and of political superiority in the other, with the result that the South will vote solidly for Parker and Davis. It has been made a sure thing for the enemy.

Is this good politics? Considering that the Southern States will hardly tolerate even a negro policeman, is not the attempt to put Southern States on a basis of racial equality, conceived in the spirit of persecution? Or is the effect not the same as if such were the spirit? It seems to us that, as the white man is the salvation of the South, his interests in politics should be consulted first; and if he objects to a negro postmaster or collector of customs, to treat that objection as final. No good American, in his heart, desires to see any part of the United States become less than a white man's country. As such it was organized by the fathers; as such it has progressed and as such only can it triumph. By law and treaty and social custom the [illegible] race is debarred from citizenship; the red man has been held at arm's length; the black man was admitted to suffrage by a burst of fanaticism which the American people of all parties now regret. What he has of constitutional right cannot be taken from him but by law [illegible]

[illegible]

HAWAIIAN NECESSITIES.

There are many who will agree with Mr. William G. Irwin in his proposition that the interests of the Territory demand specialized legislation by Congress and specialized consideration by the Executive Department. There is nothing of a constitutional or statutory complexion in American institutions that prevents the proper distinction from being drawn between these Islands and the mainland, without any disturbance of the symmetry of the Union. When, in California, Henry E. Highton, now a well known resident of Honolulu, in a public debate, argued against annexation, one of his main points being the labor question that would inevitably arise. He was prominent among the original exclusionists in California, but, after a realization of existing conditions in Hawaii, he openly took the position, which he has since held, that the introduction of 30,000 Chinese laborers to the plantations, under such restrictions as would prevent their competition in higher branches of industry and insure their retention here for a period of years and their ultimate return to their native land, was imperatively demanded for the permanent interests of the people, would not conflict with the general exclusion policy, was clearly within the constitutional powers of Congress, and would benefit labor organizations throughout the Union.

These views are shared by distinguished and influential men, among whom Mr. William G. Irwin is conspicuous. They do not rest, however, upon any possible assimilation of Federal legislation to the successful colonial policy of Great Britain, but upon the right of Congress, without invading the American conception of citizenship, to legislate directly for territories according to their varying needs. When annexation was consummated, and the Organic Act passed, which gave to Hawaiians rights, express and implied, constitutionally appertaining to citizenship, it meant that, while the territory was in the transitional condition that precedes statehood, it was within full congressional jurisdiction. It is obvious, after long experience, that white or native labor cannot be used in the canefields of the plantations. The Japanese are a locum tenens, but they belong to a progressive nation, to which they are loyal in the extreme, are pertinacious competitors with skilled workmen, constitute practically an imperium in imperio, and are insubordinate and contemptuous in their infractions of American labor unions. The Porto Ricans are a partial failure and principally swell the ranks of the criminal class. The Russians are industrious, but cannot be obtained in sufficient numbers. The Chinese are docile and law-abiding, and the class ready for plantation work keep agreements and are perfectly contented.

The more sugar is produced the greater the demand for skilled labor both here and on the continent. This fact is well understood by observers and thinkers, and the practical difficulty in the way of such legislation as we need is the fear of weakening the general policy of exclusion, aggravated by sentimental dreams of unrestricted Chinese immigration. But, with a properly constructed law, limited in its operation to the Hawaiian Islands, the apprehension is imaginary. Such a law would not add one Chinaman to the Asiatic population of the mainland, but would be of great advantage to white labor which, as has been well said, in the United States now forms part of the middle class as recognized under forms of government that tolerate class distinctions.

It is undeniable that local conditions, at least for the present, require special treatment, as Mr. Irwin forcibly states, and, to overcome prejudice and ignorance, which are the formidable obstacles in our way, demands the intelligent concentration of public opinion in our citizen population, and the collection and dissemination of irrefutable facts, by which even labor organizations can be brought to the comprehension of their own interests, which are consistent with the interests of the people at large.

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BENEFITS FROM SETTLERS.

Small farms, producing something to export as well as something to live on, may have still another crop which is sorely needed in Hawaii. We mean the kind of men and women who made the mainland what it is—the genuine, traditional American citizen, [illegible]

[illegible]

GEAR AND THE CONSTITUTION.

Judge Gear, after declaring off-hand a large number of laws unconstitutional in criminal cases from which there was no appeal, now rules in a civil case, where the interests of his friend Sam Parker would be harmed by a similar finding, that a Circuit Judge should never declare a law unconstitutional unless absolutely convinced that it is so and that necessity exists for such a course.

Defendants in the Parker case argued that the law under which Judge Gear was entertaining jurisdiction was unconstitutional. At once the eminent picker of flaws in the Federal charter conceived an intense respect for the Constitution and decided, on the grounds given above, to hold jurisdiction. Where criminals were concerned Gear clawed the Constitution to tatters; where Sam's interests are in jeopardy he approaches it as a savage devotee does his fetich.

It was about two years ago that Gear assumed jurisdiction and declared that existing Hawaiian laws concerning indictments and trial by jury were unconstitutional and as result we had a wholesale jail delivery. Among the rascals whom this remarkable jurist turned loose on the community were Osato Mazeo, convicted of rape; Ah Ol, arson; W. D. Hamilton, manslaughter; Mankichi, murder; Mangataro, murder; Ah Quong, rape; George Wade, murder. When the Territorial government rearrested these people to have them charged by the Grand Jury in conformity with Judge Gear's requirements he ordered the convicted criminals released on habeas corpus and threatened to commit the Territorial authorities for contempt. No one suspected Gear of being "absolutely certain" of his ground and he did not give any convincing reasons for his course. The best lawyers here were against him and the Supreme Court of the United States brushed his whole contention away, finding that the laws under which conviction had been had were entirely constitutional.

It is well for a Territorial circuit judge to handle the constitution gently, but when he smashes it with a sledge-hammer to let criminals loose and treats it as a sacred thing when it stands between a personal friend and monetary loss, he has only himself to blame if his judicial methods excite derision and contempt.

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THE COURSE OF THE WAR.

The army under Gen. Linevitch, which is hastening to the relief of Kuropatkin, comes from Vladivostok. A larger force from Dalny, which is not needed at Port Arthur, is hurrying north to strengthen Oyama's forces. It may be supposed that the Japanese, if they have men enough ready, will send another army either to occupy Dalny or to make a feint in the direction of Vladivostok. Advices from Japan say that an immense army remains at home, so reenforcements ought not to be hard to get.

So far the fighting has demonstrated the immense superiority of the Japanese army organization and of its individual units. According to the Russians the opposing forces in the north are of about equal numbers. If this is so and the fact is admitted that an army in defensive positions is from a third to a half stronger than the same number of assailants, then Russia confesses to a very poor showing indeed. Kuropatkin was entrenched at the Yalu, at Fengwangcheng, Haicheng, Newchwang, Liaoyang and at half a dozen other places, but could not stand his ground anywhere. Stoessel was entrenched at Dalny, Nanshan Hill and Pigeon bay but was driven out and now confesses that he cannot hold the main fortress more than six weeks. Could there be higher testimony to the invincible might of the little brown men or a more conclusive sign of the martial inconsequence of the Czar's "whiskered pandours?"

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WAILUKU PLEASED.

With pardonable pride the Maui News hails the inauguration of a high school at Wailuku, to be housed withal in a handsome edifice built out of the loan fund. The paper tells of the hardship that it has been—doubtlessly in the cases of many respectable families an impossibility—"to send their sons and daughters to Honolulu to obtain anything beyond an ordinary primary school education."

A broad-minded scope of vision is evinced by the Maui News, at the same time, in its grateful reference to what the Board of Public Instruction [illegible]

[illegible]

small farming. The cause has gradually been fought to the front until now even the "sugar barons" must offer their respects to it when they discuss the conditions of the country, and the politicians who do not pay court to the settlers we have and attention to the problem of building up an American citizenship stand a good chance of being relegated to obscurity.

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EMPERORS IN THE FIELD.

It is the usual thing for the Czar of Russia to go to the front in time of a great war. The first Alexander took the field against Napoleon and was near by when his double-eagles fell at Austerlitz and he personally made the peace treaty of Tilsit. Alexander was succeeded by Nicholas I, who had slight military talent but in wars with Turkey, Poland and the Anglo-Franco-Turkish alliance he did the commander's part as well as he knew how. Alexander II, the next Czar, joined the army operating against Turkey and there received his baptism of fire. Alexander III, who came to the throne in 1881, had no war during his reign but had command of a corps in the Turkish war while he was the Czarewich. Now the turn of his son, the Czar Nicholas II has come and he will probably appear soon in Manchuria to cheer the fighting forces.

Undoubtedly his presence in the field would do good, irrespective of any merit or demerit he might have as a soldier. He is the one man whom the Russian army desires to please. He is the chief dispenser of rewards and punishments. Under the imperial eye every officer and man may be expected to do his best, every administrator would strain his resources to meet the expectations of the crown and the visible friction between general officers would cease. On the whole the reenforcement of the Emperor in person, in the effect it would have on the morale of his army, is a force not to be lightly regarded.

It is not out of the question, if the Czar should appear in Manchuria, that he would be confronted by the Emperor of Japan. Mutsohito was strongly tempted to take the field in 1894 and his ministers had trouble in dissuading him. There was no particular occasion then for him to go, for the war was not, like this one, an event of first importance. But things might change if Nicholas came to the front. Then indeed, the Japanese ruler would feel that duty imperatively called and the ministry might well pause before trying to deprive the cause of the tremendous impetus which the presence of the sovereign would bestow. Indeed the sight of their worshipped Emperor in Manchuria would act upon the inflamed patriotism of the Japanese as the appearance of the Sheik-ul-Islam with the unfurled green banner of a Holy War would upon the fanatical savagery of the Prophet's serried hosts. Perhaps, before long such a spectacle will be afforded.

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Secretary Atkinson's law partners were disappointed at not receiving from him an expected communication of some importance. One of them was consoled, however, by receiving in the Kinau's mail a letter from a mutual friend saying the reason the Secretary was not writing was "luau, luau, luau"—the festive word being strung in lines filling the page. The Hilo people are ever crying out against neglect from Honolulu, but when an administration apostle is sent unto them they try to kill him with hospitality.

◆

GIANTS SOUGHT BY MIKADO.

Wants Them for Bodyguard and Tries to Rear Tall Men.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—A Tokio dispatch to the Rappel says the mikado long had the same mania for a bodyguard composed of giants as had Frederick the Great. As giants are scarce in Japan, the mikado years ago began to try to grow them by intermarrying Japanese with Europeans, and feeding the children by these unions on a special diet, consisting largely of meat. The mikado bitterly regretted that the war with Russia began before he had the giants enough on hand to form his bodyguard.

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A Cabman Baronet.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The extinct baronetcy of the Tyrrels, formerly of Thornton Hall, Buckinghamshire, is claimed by a cabman named Benjamin Tyrrel. He also claims ownership of the Thornton Hall estates, which are nearly five miles square, and the Crakemarsh Hall estate, near Uttoxeter, Staffordshire.

Tyrrel's claim rest on the contention that he is a direct descendant from John Tyrrel, third son of Sir Thomas Tyrrel, who died in [illegible]. The cabman contends that the estates illegally passed into the possession of the Cavendish family through marriage with his own family.

He says he has been too poor to take action, but he now hopes to do what his ancestors failed to accomplish.

✦✦✦

Manager Lake of the Young Hotel entertained at dinner last evening Consul General Bellows of Yokohama, [illegible] and Mr. [illegible]

✦✦✦

[illegible] COLD PREVENTED [illegible] Chamberlain's [illegible] Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Saturday's Advertiser)

President Griffiths of Oahu College returned from his vacation yesterday.

R. C. Lydecker leaves for New York on the Alameda. He will be absent about seven weeks.

John Ouderkirk was superintending the erection of the 75-foot flagpole on the Capitol grounds yesterday afternoon.

Dr. Frederick J. Nott, husband of Loreta Dickson, formerly of Honolulu, died at York Harbor, Me., a few days ago.

Jos. Makia, who was arrested in connection with his possession of powdered opium, will probably be prosecuted for selling drugs without a license.

Walter L. Emory is the successful bidder for erecting the new immigration station, the price being $23,950 and the time 157 days. Work on the contract will begin at once.

Deputy Sheriff Hose of Lahaina reports several raids he has made on illicit liquor selling joints. An okolehao still was captured at Honokawai, but the distillers were absent on the occasion.

The Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd., are in receipt of a cable from Pollitz & Co., San Francisco, yesterday, stating that Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar sold on the San Francisco Exchange at $60.00 and Honokaa at $16.00.

Commissioner Judd committed Shiraichi and Natagama, Japanese, to the Federal jury on the charge of conspiracy in connection with the previously reported sale by the former of his wife to Natagama for $225. Their bonds were placed at $1000 each.

Invitations arrived in the Alameda's mail from Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Young for the marriage of their daughter May Annie to Doctor Thomas Reid McNab on Thursday evening, the twenty-second of September, at half after eight o'clock, Rose Crest, Vernon Heights, Oakland.

The new eleventh precinct of the Fifth district organised with the election of the following officers: President, J. L. Carter; first vice-president, Fred Sackwitz; second vice-president, G. E. Lahlin; secretary, G. B. Sturgeon; treasurer, J. H. Schnack. Executive Committee: J. L. Carter, A. Schimmer, C. A. Vieira, Capt. John C. Cluney, E. F. Imhof. Judges of Election: W. J. England, Fred C. Bertelman and Henry Zerbe.

Edwin K. Rose, arrested at Delaware Breakwater for stealing a Panama hat from the Hilo postoffice, arrived in the Alameda in custody of Deputy Marshal William B. Flinn of Wilmington, Delaware. The prisoner was received by Marshal E. R. Hendry. His bail was fixed at $1000, and will probably be furnished after the return of his attorney, Frank E. Thompson, from Hilo today. Deputy Marshal Flinn is accompanied by his wife and son.

(From Sunday's Advertiser)

Governor Carter will leave for Maui Wednesday, where he will be joined by Secretary Atkinson.

Rev. Dr. Weymouth of Lahaina has been elected a Fellow of the Royal Horticultural Society of Great Britain.

Edwin K. Rose, who is accused of stealing a $7 Panama from the Hilo postoffice was released on $1000 bonds yesterday.

Among the teachers who arrived from the Coast during the past week were Mr. Ralph O. Reiner, of Riverside, Cal.; Mr. Raymond H. Leach, of Middlefield, Ohio, and Mr. Graham C. Hunter, of Denver, Colorado; three young men who have come to teach in Mills Institute.

The party of Shriners who visited the Volcano this week in charge of M. Reese of Cleveland, O., speak highly of the attractions which the Volcano and Hawaii in general have for the visitor. Mr. Lonstelt, supervisor of San Francisco, says the Volcano is a grand sight and not to be missed. Countess Christiani of Washington is also enthusiastic in her praises of the trip.

(From Monday's Advertiser)

The September term of the First Circuit Court, Judge Gear presiding, will open tomorrow.

Judge Kepoikai's luau for last week was given in honor of John Kidwell of Honolulu, with Maui Free Masons as fellow-guests of the visitor.

Professor Zamloch, the celebrated magician, now at the Hawaiian hotel with his family, will leave in the Kinau Tuesday for a brief tour of the islands.

The Maui News has been increased in size from four pages to six. At the start the extra space is for campaign purposes, but Editor Robertson announces that the enlargement will be made permanent. A drum cylinder press has been ordered for the progressive paper of Maui.

W. A. Kinney is absent on Kauai.

Mr. and Mrs. Von Hamm are on the Manchuria.

J. B. Emerson, wife and son leave on today's Korea for the coast.

The Maui Republican district convention met yesterday at Lahaina.

Public schools of the Territory reopen today after the summer vacation.

[illegible]

[illegible] Dillingham and Mr. W. F. Dillingham returned on the Maui [illegible]

[illegible] Japanese Commissioner to the World's Fair, is a returning passenger.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] He will sue for damages.

Distress After Eating

Nausea between meals, belching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headache, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer it is neglected the harder it is to cure it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure it—strengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the natural performance of their functions.

Accept no substitute for Hood's.

"I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no help until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine and can now eat almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, no burning and no distress." Mrs. William G. Barrett, 14 Olney St., Providence, R. I.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every descrition made to order.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, Sept. 3, 1904.

NAME OF STOCK.	Capital.	Val.	Bid.	Ask
MERCANTILE.				
C. Brewer & Co.	$1,000,000	100	250	300
SUGAR.				
Ewa	5,000,000	20	20½	[illegible]
Haw. Agricultural	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Haw. Com. & Sugar Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hawaiian Sugar Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Honomu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Honokaa	[illegible]	[illegible]	16½	[illegible]
Haiku	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kahuku	[illegible]	[illegible]	17½	[illegible]
Kihei Plan. Co., Ltd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kipahulu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Koloa	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McBryde Sug. Co., Ltd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oahu Sugar Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Onomea	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ookala	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	4½	[illegible]
Olowalu	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Paauhau Sug. Plan. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Paia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pepeekeo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	130
Pioneer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Waialua Agr. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	45	[illegible]
Wailuku	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Waimanalo	[illegible]	100	[illegible]	150
STEAMSHIP COS.				
Wilder S. S. Co.	[illegible]	100	[illegible]	[illegible]
Inter-Island S. S. Co.	[illegible]	100	[illegible]	[illegible]
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Haw. Electric Co.	500,000	100	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. R. T. & L. Co. Pfd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
H. R. T. & L. Co. C.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mutual Tel. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
O. R. & L. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hilo R. R. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
BONDS.				
Haw. Gov't., 5 p. c.			[illegible]	
Haw. Ter. 4 p. c. (Fire Claims)			[illegible]	
Hilo R. R. Co. 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Hon. R. T. & L. Co. 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Ewa Plant. 6 p. c.			100	
O. R. & L. Co. 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Oahu Sugar Co. 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Olaa Sugar Co. 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Waialua Ag. Co. 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Kahuku 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Pioneer Mill Co. 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Paia 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Haiku 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Hawaiian Sugar 6 p. c.				[illegible]
Hawn. Coml. & Sugar Co. 5 p. c.				[illegible]

NOTICE.

No session Monday, Sept. 5, Labor Day.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M	5	p.m. 12.26	Ft. 1.7	[illegible]	a.m. 5.26	p.m. 7.38	5.44	6.19	Rise p.m. 1.26
T	6	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
T	8	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
F	9	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
S	10	[illegible]	1.5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	5.45	[illegible]	[illegible]
S	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M	12	[illegible]	1.5	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

New moon Sept. 9 at 10:12 a. m.

Times of the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey tables.

The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur about one hour earlier than at Honolulu.

Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees thirty minutes. The time whistle blows at 1:30 p. m., which is the same as Greenwich, 0 hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for the whole group.

H. H. Berry received a cablegram yesterday afternoon from Portland, Oregon, stating that his wife is very ill there. The message contained no other particulars. Mrs. Berry left here early in July to make an extended visit on the Coast. Mr. Berry may go to the Coast on either the Korea or Alameda, depending on answers to cables he has sent asking for further particulars.

[illegible] Brown, who arrived with his wife last winter and registered at the Royal Hawaiian Hotel, having continuously resided there since, returns today on the Korea to Boston, where he will meet his wife, who sailed a couple of months ahead of him, he having been detained here to complete some business matters. Mr. and Mrs. Brown will probably return in the winter again.

WEDDED IN CHURCH

Mr. J. K. Brown Jr. and Miss Jessie Maud Frazier.

Central Union church was the scene of an exceedingly pretty wedding yesterday evening, when Miss Jessie Maud Frazier and Mr. Joshua Kelly Brown were married by Rev. John Pinney Erdman. The church interior was tastefully decorated with greenery and flowers and many friends of the young couple witnessed the ceremony.

Promptly at 8 o'clock the wedding party entered the church and proceeded down the center aisle, while the strains of the bridal chorus from Lohengrin pealed from the organ at which Mrs. A. F. Judd presided.

The bridal party was led by the ushers, Mr. Fred. D. Angus and Mr. Robt. Booth, and followed by Miss Jean Angus, maid of honor, who was stately and charming in a dainty princess gown of pale blue pina over taffeta of the same shade. Leaning on the arm of her brother, Mr. Charles R. Frazier, the bride advanced. She wore an exquisite gown of white net illusion over peau de soie, which was trimmed with dainty sprays of handmade flowers, and carried a bouquet of white roses. Her sole ornament was a diamond sunburst, the gift of the groom. The lovely presence of the bride was enhanced by the natural modesty of her demeanor. She was met by the groom, who was attended by Mr. R. G. Stackable as best man, and the youthful couple plighted their troth with the bestowal of the ring upon the bride. After the final words that made them man and wife, the maid of honor removed the bride's veil. Then the procession moved out of the church to the notes of Mendelssohn's wedding march. Mrs. Judd had played soft music throughout the ceremony.

Noticeable among those present were many new brides of the present year who appeared in their wedding gowns.

Following the church ceremony there was an informal reception to the bridal party and the immediate family of the newly married couple at the home of the bride's mother on Matlock avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown will spend their honeymoon in the islands, after which they will be domiciled in a pretty cottage on Young street.

Mr. Joshua K. Brown, Jr. is the son of Mr. J. K. Brown of the U. S. Immigration Bureau and is connected with the custom house. He is captain of the local post of Spanish war veterans and has a host of friends in Honolulu.

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WHOSE FAULT IS IT

A Local Occurrence That Will Interest Many Readers in Honolulu.

If, when a fog horn warns the mariner to sheer off the coast, he still hugs the shore and wrecks upon it, whose fault is it? If the red switch light is up and the engine driver deliberately pulls ahead and pitches into another train, blame the driver. If a careless workman will in spite of warning try to find out how many teeth a buzz saw has, and the saw tries to find out how many fingers the workman has, blame the workman, not the saw. If a sick man knows that a certain medicine is doing him good, and he carelessly neglects to use it, blame the man, not the medicine. If Honolulu people who have kidney complaint and backache will not take Doan's Backache Kidney Pills when they are indorsed by scores of citizens, blame the people, not the indorsers. Read this indorsement:

Mr. John E. Bush of Punchbowl st., this city, is attached to the Hawaiian interpretation staff at the Supreme Court. He says: "I had kidney trouble, and, acting on the recommendation of a friend, who had tried your invaluable remedy, I got some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hollister Drug Co.'s store. They were just as beneficial to me as they had been to my friend. It is well the virtues of these pills should be made known, for they really are an excellent medicine for kidney trouble."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box, or sent by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.

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Lipton Backs Watson's Help

[illegible]

WILL OPEN OAHU LAND

Desirable Farm Sites Close to the Oahu Railway.

Commissioner J. W. Pratt stated on Saturday that he intended shortly, the Governor having consented, to open for settlement four thousand acres of land, less four hundred acres reserved by the Government for water sources in the common interest of the settlers, on this island.

The area consists of the lands of Pupukea and Paumalu, as designated on the map of Oahu. It is only five miles from Haleiwa and has frontage of three miles on the Oahu railway. There are two good water springs on the small tracts reserved. An application had been received from a settlement association to have the lands cut up into 500-acre allotments, but the Commissioner considered that a far too liberal scale for the purposes of small farming.

The tract will be divided into eighteen lots of 200 acres each and offered to bona fide cultivators, probably on the plan of 21-year leases with right of purchase attached. Commissioner Pratt will have the land appraised and then opened for entry to the public.

Its contiguity to railway communication with nearly all of the sugar plantations of this island, as well as with the market and port of Honolulu, ought to make this tract greatly to be desired by intending settlers.

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PORTUGUESE AND SMALL FARMING

Editor Advertiser:—First in the matter is to hear from the plantation managers or the agents of some of the plantations, as to whether they are willing to buy cane by the ton on the car at the depot in Honolulu, and to make a contract in writing to cover a term of years. If they will buy the cane something could be done to keep the people here in a profitable occupation.

Second in the matter is that the banker or man of means would have to make advances of money to cover the first crop the same as is done in the States. The whole matter rests here. If the moneyed men are willing to move, matters could be improved on.

The Star says that if the small farmer got started he would soon be gobbled up by the big man or company, and that in the end Japanese and Chinese would take the small farmers' places. If that is right we had better turn it over to the Japanese now and call it all off.

Say a man with a family of two boys could take care of ten acres. Then:

10 acres, rent 15 months	$ 100
Seed cane	100
Plowing	100
Taxes	15
House, 12x20, rough	250
Advances 15 mos. at $20	300
Hauling cane to depot	100
Interest on $500 at 8 per cent	45
Total	$1,410

Ten acres, if well cared for, would grow at least 50 tons an acre or 500 for the whole, which at $4 a ton at the depot would be worth, say

	$2,000
Expense to produce	1,000
Balance to planter	$ 500

If this man also could raise some chickens and other commodities his income would be increased, and his second crop being from rattoons would cost him less—the items of plowing, house, seed and interest being saved. Some would ask how could he get the cane hauled. That would be done the same as on the mainland with farm products. People are always on hand with teams where there is any money to be made.

All industries grow from small beginnings and our plantations have [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr. Jones [illegible]

[illegible]

Viscount Yori

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN DELEGATES ROYALLY WELCOMED

Hilo Justifies Its Selection for the Convention. Ovation on Arrival---Mass Meeting and Luau---The Party Business.

(Special to Advertiser.)

HILO, Sept. 1.—No mistake was made in having the Republican Territorial Convention at Hilo. The Republicans of the crescent city are wonder-workers and past masters in the art of entertaining their fellow-Republicans from Oahu, Kauai and Maui.

When the Kinau came alongside the Hilo dock on Wednesday at 3 p. m. all committee members were there decked out with flaming badges, quite a delegation of ladies also being in attendance. Secretary "Jack" Atkinson and ex-Governor Baker occupied a conspicuous position on the top of a dock dolphin and were greeted with cheers by the delegates. The Hilo brass band rendered patriotic airs and contributed largely to the welcome. The visitors were surprised on entering the dock sheds to find such large locomotives and cars. The delegates were conducted to hacks and busses and were conveyed to town with an escort of ladies and gentlemen on horseback. The visitors were distributed among the lodging houses and private houses, and in the course of time were given "delegate badges" the representatives of the press being given special "press" badges.

Prince Kuhio, Col. Parker and A. G. M. Robertson became the guests of Stephen Desha and ex-Governor Baker and were present at a luau late in the afternoon.

CAUCUS PREMATURE.

A caucus was held at 8 p. m. in Spreckels' Hall at which Chairman Crabbe of the Central Committee presided, the purpose being to perfect all plans for facilitating the work of the convention. The Hawaii delegates protested against any action being taken as they had not been notified. The caucus then adjourned to 9 a. m. Thursday.

MASS MEETING AT NIGHT.

At 7:30 p. m. a mass meeting was held at the Hilo hotel grounds under the auspices of the Young Men's Republican Club, addresses being made from the brilliantly illuminated band stand. William Beers, chairman of the First District committee, presided. The Hilo band was present and again contributed to the pleasure of the occasion. The grounds were packed with listeners of both sexes, applause being generous for all the speakers. Delegate Kuhio rendered an impassioned speech in Hawaiian and made an excellent impression. He was followed by Stephen Desha, A. G. M. Robertson, T. McCants Stewart and John C. Lane.

CAUCUS AGAIN.

On Thursday morning at 9 o'clock the delegates from all districts attended a caucus in Spreckels' Hall, where all preliminary matters concerning the business of the convention were considered. It was agreed that the committee on credentials should comprise one member from each district, and the following members were chosen: First district, W. Horner; Second district, J. H. Wise; Third district, S. E. Kaleo, chairman; Fourth district, H. E. Murray; Fifth district, N. Fernandez; Sixth district, W. H. Rice, Jr.

The caucus also decided on the following members for a committee on platform: First district, J. T. Brown, J. T. Moir; Second district, E. A. Fraser, Geo. C. Hewitt; Third district, W. J. Coelho, M. K. Nakuina; Fourth district, A. G. M. Robertson, chairman, W. T. Rawlins; Fifth district, F. Myers, T. McCants Stewart; Sixth district, J. I. Silva, W. H. Rice, Jr.

The committee on permanent organization was agreed on as follows: First district, H. J. Lyman, W. H. Walker; Second district, J. K. Nahale, E. K. Olding; Third district, J. H. B. Kaleo, M. R. Depoto; Fourth district, C. A. Long, T. A. Oliman; Fifth district, J. C. Lane, A. S. Mahaulu; Sixth district, J. I. Silva, J. H. K. Kaiwi.

It was agreed that Stephen L. Desha be temporary chairman, and H. L. Holstein of the second District be permanent chairman, the permanent secretaryship to go to Moses K. Nakuina of Oahu. Wm. H. Crawford of Oahu was also selected as sergeant-at-arms.

CONVENTION HALL.

Spreckels' Hall was a thing of beauty when the decoration committee was through with it. The stage was attractively draped with the national and Hawaiian colors and bunting. A profusion of greenery gave the stage a pleasing appearance. Bunting, flags and vines were used in the general decoration of the body of the hall. Each district space was marked by banners.

LUAU AT DESHA'S.

Following the labors of the convention, the delegates went to the home of Rev. Stephen L. Desha, in the Haili church grounds, and were entertained at a fine luau given under the auspices of the Young Men's Republican Club. The tables were arranged in the open space beneath the house and were loaded with Hawaiian delicacies in great variety. The guests were crowned with leis by a bevy of attractive Hawaiian matrons and maids who also looked to their comfort while at the tables. The Hilo band played constantly during the feast, intermissions being filled by a quintette club of young ladies whose rendition of the pretty song "Lei Lei," assisted by Secretary "Jack" Atkinson, was one of the features of the occasion. One hundred and eighty persons were served. H. L. Holstein of Kohala was toastmaster and speeches were made by E. E. Olding, ex-Gov. Baker, A. G. M. Robertson, W. H. Rice, Jr., W. T. Rawlins, S. L. Desha, Attorney La Blond (only Democrat present), T. McCants Stewart and Secretary "Jack." The latter two made the hits of the evening because of the oratorical bouquets they threw to the ladies at the luau and of Hilo in general.

PARADED THE STREETS.

At the conclusion of the luau, Capt. Sam Johnson organized the entire delegation with the band in the lead and the main streets were paraded. The column comprised about three hundred persons, including several enthusiastic young ladies. Capt. Johnson was assisted by his lieutenants, Clarence Crabbe and Frank Thompson. During the whole line of marching the paraders shouted for Kuhio and the Republican party and finally marched into the Hilo hotel grounds, where a jolly time was begun with speechmaking. F. E. Thompson made a humorous speech, and was followed during the evening by Prince Kuhio, T. McCants Stewart, ex-Gov. Baker, E. E. Olding, Col. Sam Parker, Stephen Desha, Geo. Kalanokalani and others.

ELKS ENTERTAIN.

The Hilo lodge of Elks have entertained the visitors in royal style, throwing open their rooms to all. The herd made itself felt socially and on Thursday night High Jinks were held. Exalted Ruler Richards after "doing things" to the visitors gave way to Past Exalted Ruler F. E. Thompson of Honolulu and made things hum. The Hilo members with their comfortable lodge made a lasting impression on all visitors fortunate enough to share their hospitality.

A. P. TAYLOR.

MRS. BREWSTER'S PILIKIA WITH FEDERAL OFFICIALS

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—There is a pretty kettle of fish over the landing of Mrs. James W. Brewster from the [illegible] Immigration Bureau on Tuesday [illegible]

[illegible]

The Chinese exclusion law is very [illegible]

[illegible]

THE HANALEI LAND SALES

Protest of Mr. Herbert and Statements of Comr. Pratt.

J. W. Pratt, Commissioner of Public Lands, on Saturday at noon sold two lots of grazing land in Hanalei district, Kauai, at public auction pursuant to advertisement.

Lot No. 1, containing 987.55 acres, was bought by George N. Wilcox for $9,900.

Lot No. 2, containing 591.75 acres, was bought by William F. Allen for $6000.

The sale thus aggregated $15,150, being a slight margin over the upset price of $10 an acre. Messrs. Wilcox and Allen both have early family associations connected with that part of the island.

Allen Herbert, a former Commissioner of Agriculture and a well known horticultural enthusiast, entered a protest to the sale in the following terms:

"As a citizen taxpayer of thirty-five years residence in this Territory, and representing a strong public sentiment in this community against the sale of large tracts of public lands, in large holdings, to persons and corporations representing great wealth, against the best interests of the entire Territory and to the exclusion of all opportunity for public lands being available to small settlers, I enter my most vigorous protest against the sale of the tract of land situate at Hanalei, island of Kauai, as contrary to sound public policy and unnecessary, as the present lease does not expire until 1906."

Mr. Pratt, in the midst of a small group lingering at the place after the sale, stated that he would never forgive himself if he became a party to placing settlers upon such lands as those just sold.

On the previous day Mr. Pratt, discussing the matter, said that he had been over every acre of the lands before stating the upset price to Mr. Wilcox, which the latter at first considered as unquestionably too high for the value of the land and only agreed to, ultimately, on account of family associations clinging to Hanalei.

The land was all overgrown with lantana and would cost $40 an acre to clear. There was no water upon it and to have the land irrigated water would have to be pumped up from Hanalei river at great expense.

Mr. Pratt regarded the tract as absolutely unfit for settlers, although there was a possibility that Mr. Wilcox would in time make it fit for supporting a considerable population. Mr. Wilcox had, in public spirited manner, already cooperated with the Government in having good lands in the Hanalei valley opened to homesteaders.

As to the upset price of $10 an acre which Mr. Wilcox had consented to offer, Mr. Pratt regarded it as "a snap" for the Treasury under present circumstances. He contrasted it favorably with the $3 an acre, or thereabouts, for which good cane land at Lanimuku, Waianae, had been sold before he took office as Commissioner.

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VITAL STATISTICS MONTH OF AUGUST

Deaths registered in the district of Honolulu for the month of August numbered 66, divided by sexes between 42 males and 24 females and by nationalities as follows: Hawaiian 31, Chinese 15, Portuguese 6, Japanese 10, British 1, U. S. A. 2, others 1. By ages the list is classified thus: Under one 21, one to five 6, five to ten 2, ten to twenty 4, twenty to thirty 10, thirty to forty 11, forty to fifty 10, fifty to sixty 5, sixty to seventy 6, over seventy 1.

Nine of the deaths were of non-residents. Eight post mortems were made, the same number of deaths investigated and four coroner's inquests held. On the basis of the census of 1900 for Honolulu (39,306), the monthly death rate per 1000 was 1.61.

Causes of death are summarized as follows: Febrile 2, diarrheal 3, [illegible] 2, septic 1, dietetic 2, constitutional 15, developmental 4, nervous 11, circulatory 5, respiratory 12, digestive 8, alcoholism and plumbism 1, urinary 1, genital and integumentary 1, accident and violence 1, suicide 1.

Thirty-eight marriages and 16 births were recorded during the month.

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Fusion on Maui.

The turning down of Senator Kalua, Louis Renkin and other veteran Home Rulers [illegible]

[illegible]

GOVERNOR'S MAUI TRIP

People Will Entertain Party in Many Places.

Governor Carter will start for his long-promised tour of the island of Maui today. With different heads of departments he visited the islands of Hawaii and Kauai before going to the mainland. On the Maui trip the Governor will be accompanied by Land Commissioner Pratt and Forester Hosmer. People of the chief towns and villages of Maui have planned Governor Carter's tour for him in advance and he will be busy every day excepting Sundays for twenty days. Secretary Atkinson, now on Hawaii, will join the Governor on Maui.

The party will land at Lahaina this afternoon and attend a Republican ratification meeting there in the evening. Lahaina town and Lahainaluna Seminary will receive inspection tomorrow.

Thursday a luau will be given the party at Honolua at noon, and an address by the Governor to Honolua and Honokohau residents at 2 p. m. Friday a luau and reception will be held at Kahakuloa at noon a reception and luau at Waihee, 5 p. m., and address by the Governor to residents of Waihee and Waiehu, 10 p. m.

Saturday, reception to Governor at residence of Manager C. B. Wells, Wailuku; address by Governor from steps of Kaahumanu church, evening.

Sunday will be spent at Kaahumanu.

Monday, Sept. 12, trip through Kula, with breakfast at Erehwon; luau and reception at Makena, 4 p. m.; evening at Ulupalakua.

Tuesday, Sept. 13, return through Kula; reception and luau at Keokea school, 12 m.; spend night at Kulamanu.

Wednesday, Sept. 14, address by Governor at Makawao school, 10 a. m.; luau and reception at Hamakuapoko or Paia, 5 p. m.

Thursday, Sept. 15, luau and reception, Huelo store, noon; address to citizens and children of Huelo and Peahi, 4 p. m.

Friday, Sept. 16, arrive at Keanae after overland ride, noon, when a luau and reception will be held; open air mass meeting, 8 p. m.

Saturday, Sept. 17, luau and reception at Hugh Howell's residence, Nahiku, with address by Governor and others, 12 noon; leave for Hana at 4 p. m.

Sunday, Sept. 18, Hana.

Monday, Sept. 19, reception 10 to 12 at court house; luau at new wharf, 1 p. m.

Tuesday, Sept. 20, meeting of residents and school children of Palai, Hana and Kaeli with the Governor at Hana school house, 10 a. m.; entertainment by citizens of Kipahulu at luau, 4 p. m.

Wednesday, Sept. 21, reception and luau at Kaupo school house, 12 noon; evening at Antone Vierra's.

Thursday, Sept. 22, up Kaupo gap through crater of Haleakala to Kulamanu.

Friday, Sept. 23, inspection of forest and other lands in Makawao.

Saturday, Sept. 24, luncheon at Kihei with Manager Jas. Scott; reception and luau at Puunene, evening.

Sunday at Wailuku.

Monday, Sept. 26, reception at Olowalu school house, 10 a. m., with address by the Governor; wait at Lahaina for steamer Likelike.

Governor Carter hopes to be able to investigate on the ground a difficulty about the development of the Peligoli springs which has arisen between Dr. Raymond and the Government.

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REGISTRATIONS AT HALEIWA HOTEL

Registrations at Haleiwa Hotel for week ending September 4th: F. J. Lindeman, Honolulu; Mrs. W. T. Rawlins, Mrs. F. E. Thompson, Honolulu; Myra Angus, Kohala; Louis Doyle, Kohala; W. H. Hudley, W. F. Schuyler, Denver, Colorado; M. E. Grossman, Honolulu; Jas. Mahoney, F. M. Tinker, E. F. H. L. Pierce, Los Angeles; G. Walker, Honolulu; Charles A. Harlock, F. M. Lucas and wife, Louise Lucas, C. B. Wright, Mollie Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hay, Walter Hoffman, Paterson; [illegible]

OINT LEFT UNDECIDED

Pro Forma Ruling By Judge Gear.

Judge Gear rendered two decisions yesterday in the matter of the guardianship of Annie T. K. Parker, a minor.

The objection of A. W. Carter, guardian, to the motion of J. S. Low, as next friend of minor, for the guardian's removal was overruled. Its ground was that the laws conferring certain powers on circuit judges at chambers were unconstitutional, as conflicting with Section 81 of the Organic Act which provides: "That the judicial power of the Territory shall be vested in one supreme court, circuit courts, and in such inferior courts as the legislature may from time to time establish."

In previously overruling the demurrer to Low's amended petition, Judge Gear called attention to the question here involved, saying it had arisen in California under a similar provision of that State's constitution. Now he quotes decisions from Missouri, Michigan and California, almost identical in their language, to the effect that circuit judges—in one case a county judge—cannot lawfully exercise any judicial powers not conferred on them by the constitution. In each instance the constitutional provision was worded like the provision in our Organic Act referred to.

"From these citations," Judge Gear concluded, "it will be readily seen that there is much force in the contention of counsel for the guardian and that, notwithstanding the fact that for over four years circuit judges in these islands have heard and determined many cases, the claim of counsel that circuit judges cannot exercise such judicial power is one that seems to be amply sustained by precedent.

"While it seems to me that counsel is right in his contention, yet the matter is one of such grave importance, affecting, as it does, every judgment and decree rendered by every circuit judge in this Territory since the going into effect of the Organic Act, that with the limited time I have had to give the question I am loth to render any decision thereon.

"In determining whether or not a statute is unconstitutional the rule is that a judge of the trial court should not declare the statute unconstitutional unless he has no doubt of its unconstitutionality. As I cannot, with the limited time which it was possible to give to a consideration of this case, declare that I am fully satisfied that the statutes in question are in conflict with the Organic Act, although I am inclined to the opinion that they are, I shall therefore overrule the objection, and it is so ordered."

BILL OF PARTICULARS.

Upon A. W. Carter's motion for a bill of particulars, Judge Gear rendered a decision granting the motion as to certain specified items and denying it as to others wherein he thinks the petition of J. S. Low "sufficiently sets out the matters relied upon by the petitioner." Ten days are given in which to file the bill of particulars.

WIFE'S EVIDENCE.

On the motion of the guardian's counsel yesterday afternoon, a commission was ordered to issue to some person to be named by the court hereafter in Seattle, Washington, to take the testimony of Alice P. Carter, wife of Fred. W. Carter, manager of Parker Ranch. Interrogatories to be propounded to the deponent are ordered to be filed by Tuesday next at noon, and cross interrogatories five days later. S. H. Derby made the motion and no objection was raised by the other side, represented by J. A. Magoon and J. Lightfoot.

Mrs. Carter is visiting in Seattle and the object of her desired testimony, as set forth in the motion, is to disprove the allegations of J. S. Low that her husband is intemperate, indolent, incompetent or neglectful. It is stated in an accompanying affidavit that Mrs. Carter had herself been brought up in a ranching country.

TAXES LOST.

Executions in seven cases in which R. C. Willing, assessor of third taxation division, is plaintiff have been returned by High Sheriff Brown, each as unsatisfied owing to the finding of no property on which to levy. Defendants and execution debts are as follows: K. Moon, [illegible]; H. W. Aylett, [illegible]; Frank L. Winter, [illegible]; John A. Vivas, [illegible]; Hawaiian Chinese Kona Coffee Plantation Co., [illegible]; W. C. Achi, [illegible]; J. [illegible], [illegible]. The last taxes in question were levied on coffee farms that since met with failure.

COURT NOTES.

In the foreclosure suit of H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd., vs. W. C. Achi, J. M. Monsarrat, W. R. Castle and Kapiolani Estate, Ltd., a motion to set cause for hearing has been filed by Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper, attorneys for plaintiff.

P. H. Maile has filed a bond in [illegible], with John F. Colburn as surety, on the temporary injunction granted to him preventing the confirmation of a sale of his property under execution for taxes.

E. C. Peters, attorney for Joseph Fernandez in the suit of [illegible] vs. Joseph Fernandez and M. C. Achi, submits a plea to the jurisdiction on the ground that it does not appear that the complaint was filed in or addressed to the circuit court of the First Circuit.

A motion is to be filed to strike from the calendar the cases of Thomas M. Har-

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[illegible] vs. J. [illegible] Magoon et al., the celebrated controversy over a contract to exploit the Hagey cure for inebriety in the Colonies and the Orient. The motion is made by Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper, attorneys for defendants.

Under a stipulation in the equity suit to enforce a tax lien of Jas. L. Holt, assessor, vs. W. C. Achi, Kapiolani Estate, the German Savings & Loan Society of San Francisco and Jos. F. Morgan, trustee, the two last-named defendants are granted ten days further time from September 2 in which to plead, demur or answer.

SUPREME COURT CALENDAR.

The following cases are liable to be called at the October session of the Supreme Court in accordance with the rules prescribed this day:

2. In the matter of the estate of J. F. O. Banning. Trustees appointment in question. Appeal from Circuit Judge, First Circuit. J. A. Magoon and J. Lightfoot for trustee appellant.

6. H. Hackfeld & Co. vs. Akui. Exceptions from Circuit Court, Fourth Circuit. E. M. Watson and G. F. Maydwell for plaintiff. Vivas & Bitting for defendant-appellant.

7. Hawaiian Sugar Co. vs. Tax Assessor of Kauai. Appeal from Tax Appeal Court. Smith & Lewis for plaintiff-appellant. Attorney General for defendant.

9. W. W. Bierce vs. R. W. McChesney et al. Error to Circuit Judge, Third Circuit. Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper for intervenors. Smith & Lewis, Cathcart & Milverton and C. W. Ashford for others.

10. Dong Chong vs. Honolulu R. T. & L. Co. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit. Magoon-Lightfoot for plaintiff-appellant. Castle & Withington for defendant.

11. Frank Godfrey, Trustee, vs. Helen Rowland et al. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit. Robertson & Wilder for plaintiff-appellant. Kinney, McClanahan & Cooper for defendant.

13. B. K. Kaiamakee vs. Henry Wharton et al. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit. Magoon-Lightfoot for plaintiff. C. W. Ashford for H. Wharton. Castle & Withington for Waialua A. Co.

14. E. K. Pratt vs. Y. Ah In et al. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit. C. W. Ashford for plaintiff. Castle & Withington for defendants-appellant.

15. Lum Ah Lee et al vs. Ah Soong et al. Appeal from Circuit Judge, First Circuit. O. F. Peterson for plaintiff. Robertson & Wilder for defendants-appellant.

16. Maggie Fisher vs. K. Wailehua et al. Appeal from Circuit Judge, First Circuit. E. M. Watson for plaintiff. Magoon-Lightfoot for defendants-appellant.

17. Jose Sardinha vs. Arcenio de Rego et al. Appeal from Circuit Judge, Second Circuit. A. G. Correa for plaintiff. A. H. Crook for defendants-appellant.

18. Lilia K. Joaquin vs. John Kealiihue et al. Appeal from Circuit Judge, Second Circuit. C. Creighton for plaintiff. Robertson & Wilder for defendants-appellant.

22. Territory of Hawaii vs. Funakoshi and Watanabe. Exceptions from Fourth Circuit Court. Attorney General and Smith & Parsons for the Territory. Cathcart & Milverton and G. A. Davis for defendants.

23. In the matter of the estate of Thomas Cummins. Appeal from Judge, First Circuit. Prosser-Brockons for the heirs-appellant. Holmes & Stanley for the deceased beneficiary's executor. C. Brown and S. M. Ballou for the trustee.

24. Emma N. Nakuina vs. J. H. Schnack. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit. Lorrin Andrews for plaintiff-appellant. Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

25. Bishop of Zeugma vs. Malie K. Paahao. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit. T. McCants Stewart and A. Perry for plaintiff-appellant. W. T. Rawlins for defendant.

26. In the matter of the application of T. Sakata for a writ of mandamus against the High Sheriff. Atkinson: Judd & Mott-Smith for petitioner. Attorney General for the respondent.

27. In the matter of the estate of August Kraft. Appeal from Judge, First Circuit. F. L. Weaver for the administrator-appellant. Thayer & Hemenway for the heirs.

28. H. S. Gregory vs. L. B. Kerr et al. Exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit. F. L. Weaver for plaintiff-appellant. C. Creighton for defendant.

29. J. K. Kalanianaole vs. W. W. Dimond & Co., Ltd. Error to Circuit Court, First Circuit. C. W. Ashford and C. A. Long for plaintiff in error. Thayer & Hemenway for defendant in error.

GEORGE LUCAS,
Clerk.

Honolulu, September 2, 1904.

THE HANA PLANTATION DIRECTORS LOSE SUIT

The two suits of the present directors against M. S. Grinbaum and others for the illegal issue of stock and for an adjustment of the indebtedness have been decided against the company.—San Francisco Law Journal.

CUTS, BRUISES AND BURNS QUICKLY HEALED. Chamberlain's Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and when applied to cuts, bruises and burns, causes them to heal without maturation and much more quickly than by the usual treatment. It allays the pain of a burn almost instantly. Unless the injury is very severe it does not leave a scar. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Veteran Showman Paralyzed.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 25.—[illegible], the veteran showman who was stricken with paralysis yesterday, is barely able to recognize his family.

PREPARING FOR ACTION

Maui Republicans Making Their Choices.

MAUI, Sept. 3.—On Monday the 5th, the new Republican district committee of the three islands will sit in convention at Lahaina for the purpose of nominating six candidates for representatives and two for senators.

As a preliminary to this, Friday afternoon sixteen Republican delegates from precincts 7, 8, 9 and 15 held a "local convention" in Puunene clubhouse for the purpose of nominating one candidate for representative. Hon. H. P. Baldwin called the convention to order. A. J. Cass was chosen president and F. W. Hardy secretary. Geo. Copp of Waiakoa, Kula, was indorsed for representative and Hon. S. E. Kaiama received the indorsement of the four precincts for senator.

At Wailuku courthouse, last evening, fourteen delegates from the Wailuku Republican precinct club met in convention and signified their choice of three candidates for representatives. W. J. Coelho being first choice, S. E. Kalino second, and Frank F. Baldwin third.

Precincts 10 and 11 did not hold a local convention to nominate one candidate for representative but left the matter entirely in the hands of their delegates to the district committee. J. Hapai Nui and John Kalino are running for the nomination.

These local conventions were called by the executive committee so that the district committee to meet at Lahaina next Monday night be instructed as to the wishes of the different localities regarding candidates for representatives. The two Molokai precincts were allowed to name one candidate—probably Moses K. Nakuina or possibly Joel Nakaleka.

The three precincts of Lahaina, Honokohau and Lanai also had the privilege of naming one candidate—probably Philip Pali.

The Keanae, Hana and Kipahulu precincts had the same privilege and probably selected W. P. Haia.

The preferences of Wailuku and of Puunene, Makawao-Kihei and Ulupalakua have already been mentioned as well as the wishes of the Hamakuapoko-Huelo precincts.

NOTES.

The members of the Alpine Club of Wailuku who made the ascent of Haleakala on Sunday, Aug. 28, were Messrs. Jordan, J. N. K. Keola, Hugh Coke and Dr. Armitage. During the same day—James Kirkland of Kahului and Wm. Walsh of Puunene also visited the "palace of the sun."

Saturday, Aug. 27, the 16-months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Mynuel Fernandes of Haleakala Ranch dairy, died after two weeks of excruciating suffering. The little boy threw himself into a pail of boiling-hot water and so badly scalded his breast and arms that death resulted from the injuries received. The sad accident took place within sight of the mother who was just far enough away to be unable to rescue her child.

The iron barkentine Hawaii now in port at Kahului brought as cargo the largest amount of lumber, 1,300,000 feet, that ever came to Maui aboard one vessel. The Rosamond brought 1,000,000 feet but the Hawaii did better.

Hon. J. W. Kalua has returned to Wailuku to reside. Lahaina did not agree with his health. He found it too warm. The ex-judge states that he has retired from politics.

Rev. Yug Chi Pum is the name of the Korean minister who is traveling about West and central Maui attempting to convert his countrymen living on the various plantations to Christianity. It is reported that he is doing much good.

By Wednesday's steamer Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, the parents of J. W. L. Marshall of Wailuku, came to Maui to reside with their son.

On Aug. 31 the four-mast schooner Marconi arrived in Kahului, having been towed from Honolulu by the tug Fearless. She brought a cargo of coal for Kahului R. R. Co.

Yesterday, for the first time, the Kahului R. R. Co. was running a new engine, Maunaolu, which was imported by last Nevadan. The Maunaolu is the first railroad engine on Maui to burn oil instead of coal. Apparently the only difference is that the oil-burning engine makes a greater roaring in getting up steam.

By the Mauna Loa of Monday, Mrs. C. P. Emerson of Makawao departed for Honolulu en route for Boston, where she will remain for five months.

Thomas Cummings, head luna of Waikapu and connected with Wailuku plantation for [illegible] years, has accepted the position of manager of Ulupalakua ranch, vice Paul Joseph, resigned.

Friday afternoon, the 2nd, the Ladies Reading Club met at the residence of Mrs. J. W. Fleming of Makawao.

Miss Agnes Alexander, who has been visiting in Paia, will return to Honolulu by today's steamer.

Miss Davis of Kau, who has been the guest of Mrs. H. H. Maydwell of Paia, will also return to Hilo by today's steamer.

Next Friday evening the September [illegible] will be held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Baldwin of Puunene.

It is rumored that a [illegible] will be given at Puunene in honor of the [illegible] some time during his proposed visit.

Hon. W. Wilcox, who broke his leg in the polo game in Honolulu, is doing well and is expected home next week. He will probably not be able to ride [illegible]

STREET CAR HIT HEARSE

Funeral Collision at Railway Station.

(From Monday's Advertiser)

As the procession for the funeral of the wife of Frank Joseph, of Quarry and Alapai streets, was nearing the railway station early yesterday afternoon a distressing accident occurred. The hearse was in collision with a Rapid Transit car and was smashed up, while the coffin containing Mrs. Joseph's remains was reduced to kindling wood, although the body was not greatly disturbed. The driver of the hearse, August Perry, was thrown from his seat and is said to have been slightly injured, and Antone Medeiros Jr., a pallbearer, was hit by the overturning hearse and cut about the head. Other pallbearers had narrow escapes. A new coffin was hastily procured and the remains were taken to the Pearl City cemetery by a later train.

According to J. P. Rego Jr., one of the pallbearers, the funeral possession was moving down Aala lane, from Beretania street to the Railway station on King street, at about two o'clock yesterday afternoon. It had been intended to ship the remains by the 2:15 train to Pearl City. The funeral procession was made up of a hack, carrying the priest, two lines of men, the hearse, with pallbearers walking on either side of it, and following this a number of carriages containing mourners and friends of the deceased. To reach the railway station from Aala lane the procession had to cross King street, which contains both the Kalihi and Liliha street tracks of the Rapid Transit. The Liliha street tracks are on the mauka side of the street and at the time the funeral was passing through Aala lane car No. 20 of the Liliha street line was coming toward the city from Liliha street.

Rego states that the hack occupied by the priest and two lines of men had passed across the tracks. He was walking with the other pallbearers beside the hearse and as the hearse was just crossing the tracks they noticed the Rapid Transit car coming toward them. He says the pallbearers realized that a collision might occur and shouted to the driver of the hearse, August Perry, to hurry, while others shouted for the car to stop to allow the procession to pass. He says the car was too close, however, and it was realized that the hearse would be hit by the car. The driver, Rego says, excitedly tried to get his horses across and the pallbearers on the Ewa side of the hearse, who could see the approaching car, ran out of the way. The car hit the rear wheel of the hearse and in a twinkling had turned it completely over, throwing the driver from his seat, pulling down one of the horses, and breaking the plate glass sides of the hearse. As the hearse went over it hit pallbearer Antone Medeiros and turned the coffin over, breaking off all the walls of the coffin.

Patrick Rego, another pallbearer, got the body out of the wrecked hearse, carrying it on the bottom board of the coffin. Willing hands immediately took the body into one of the waiting rooms of the station and it was laid out there to await the arrival of another coffin, while many Portuguese women and children gathered around the body in the waiting room.

Outside in the street there was tremendous excitement. Men, women and children to the number of four or five thousand, it is said, gathered at the scene of the accident within a few moments. For a few minutes there seemed to be danger that the Portuguese would do bodily harm to the conductor and motorman of car 20, but the police were telephoned for and soon restored order. The motorman removed the bent fender of his car, secured the names of the injured and witnesses to the accident, and with one of the injured men proceeded on his way. The broken hearse was immediately removed from the street although plenty of broken plate glass remained there for some time.

C. E. Williams, father of Henry Williams, had charge of the funeral. He acted promptly and within a few minutes had a handsome new coffin at the railway station. With hundreds of people watching the operation the body of Mrs. Joseph was then reverently laid in the new coffin and a train soon pulled out of the station for Pearl City, where the burial took place.

Alfred Bond, motorman of car No. 20, was arrested and charged under section 416, which relates to furious and heedless driving. He was released under a $50 bond.

WAS DRIVER TO BLAME?

Many persons standing around the railway station witnessed the accident. Some of these state that the motorman of car 20 was ringing his bell continually but that the driver of the hearse seemed indifferent, that he did not make any attempt to get across ahead of the car and that had he made the slightest effort to get clear of the track he could have done so and prevented the accident.

NOT GOING TOO FAST.

The motorman, who was arrested under the section of the penal code relat-

■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■

a [illegible] for six weeks.

The Maui polo players do not feel at all discouraged by their recent defeat. They are confident that they will beat Kauai under more favorable conditions. They believe that they would have won the first game from Kauai if Wilcox had not been obliged to leave the contest.

Weather—Warm and dry all the week.

ing to fast and heedless driving, says that his car was approaching town at the usual rate of speed. He saw a hack, the one containing the priest, pass the track but did not imagine that this was the head of a funeral procession. He kept clanging his bell as is usual at that point but the hearse did not come out from back of the buildings in time so that he could stop the car. The track is located very close to the curbing and there is a Chinese butcher shop on the corner, so that the motorman could not see any vehicle until it should be driving on the track, but the motorman claims that the driver of the hearse could have cleared the track had he wished to, the car only striking the rear wheel of the hearse when the collision did take place.

Manager Ballentyne, of the Rapid Transit Company, stated last evening: "I did not see the accident but the facts as reported to me are that car No. 20 was approaching town at the rate of six miles an hour. The track at the point where the accident occurred is very close to the sidewalk. The motorman suddenly saw a pair of horses coming out of Aala lane. He immediately reversed and at the same time applied the sand to the rails to assist in bringing the car to a stop. All of the cars are fitted with these sand appliances. Before he could stop the car he had struck the rear end of the hearse. No attempt was made on the part of the driver of the hearse to clear the track and he apparently did not observe the three rules of law—when approaching a railway track to stop, look, and listen—as was his duty. As far as I can learn the motorman did everything in his power to stop the car and was not responsible for the accident."

HONOLULU VS. HILO WIRELESS CHESS

Following are the positions to date of the two wireless telegraph chess games between Honolulu and Hilo:

GAME A—RUY LOPEZ.

White.

Moves. Honolulu.

1. P—K 4.
2. Kt—K B 3.
3. B—Kt 5.
4. B—R 4.
5. Castles.
6. P—Q 4.
7. P—K 5.
8. KtxP.
9. R—K 1.
10. BxKt.
11. K—Q B 3.
12. Kt—B 5.
13. Q—K Kt 4.
14. P—K 6.
15. BxKt.
16. QxB.
17. Q—K6ch.
18. QR—Q1.
19. Kt—K4.

Black.

Moves. Hilo.

1. P—K 4.
2. Kt—Q B 3.
3. P—Q R 3.
4. Kt—B 3.
5. B—K 2.
6. PxP.
7. Kt—K 5.
8. Castles.
9. Kt—Q B 4.
10. Q PxB.
11. Kt—K 3.
12. P—K B 3.
13. Kt—K Kt 4.
14. BxP.
15. BxKt.
16. PxB.
17. R—B2.
18. B—Q3.

GAME B—QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED.

White.

Moves. Hilo.

1. P—Q 4.
2. P—Q B 4.
3. Kt—Q B 3.
4. B—Kt 5.
5. P—K 3.
6. Kt—B 3.
7. B—Q 3.
8. Castles.
9. PxP.
10. BxB.
11. KtxKt.
12. Q—Q B 2.
13. P—Q R 3.
14. Kt—K 5.
15. B—Kt5.
16. Q—B5.
17. B—Q3.
18. B—B2.

Black.

Moves. Honolulu.

1. P—Q 4.
2. P—K 3.
3. Kt—K B 3.
4. Q Kt—Q 2.
5. B—K 2.
6. Castles.
7. P—Q Kt 3.
8. B—Kt 2.
9. KtxP.
10. QxB.
11. PxKt.
12. Kt—B 3.
13. P—Q B 4.
14. P—QB5.
15. KR—B1.
16. P—B5.
17. P—B6.
18. Q—B3.

Loebenstein Entertained.

A. B. Loebenstein of Hilo was a prince among entertainers for the Honolulu, Kauai and Maui convention delegates, including the press visitors. On Thursday Mr. Loebenstein gave a delightful poi luncheon for a few of the visitors. Two suckling pigs, falling to pieces as they lay on the platter, the best of poi in beautifully polished calabashes, the best things of the sea and shores of Hawaii graced the board. Mr. Loebenstein's guests were Delegate Kuhio, A. G. M. Robertson, [illegible], Col. Samuel Parker, Secretary A. L. C. Atkinson, F. B. Thompson, W. H. [illegible], J. E. [illegible] and A. P. Taylor.

Senator J. D. Paris of Hawaii returned home in the [illegible].

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Hilo Shipping.

HILO, Sept. 3.—The Fort George which left Honolulu on the 24th arrived at Hilo Thursday evening, and will load sugar. Mr. Smith, formerly in Hollister's Drug Co., will be a passenger on the ship to the Coast.

The bark St. Katherine, now in Hilo harbor, will take in ballast and leave shortly for the Coast.

The ship Tillie E. Starbuck is loading 3000 tons of sugar for San Francisco.

The Enterprise is expected from San Francisco on Sunday morning.

Kinau Arrives.

The steamer Kinau arrived in port about one o'clock yesterday afternoon. As she does not leave Hilo now until 1 p. m. Fridays her arrival here is delayed about three hours. The boat had a big crowd of passengers, mostly returning delegates from the Republican Territorial Convention at Hilo.

The Sugar List.

Admiral Beckley reports the following sugar ready for shipment at Hawaii ports:

Waiakea [illegible], Olaa [illegible], Hawaii Mill [illegible], Onomea [illegible], Pepeekeo [illegible], Honomu [illegible], Hakalau [illegible], [illegible]

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The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.
The Standard Oil Company.
The George F. Blake Steam Pumps.
Weston's Centrifugals.
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston.
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.
The Alliance Assurance Company, of London.

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THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION. [illegible]

THERAPION No. 1 [illegible]

THERAPION No. 2 [illegible]

THERAPION No. 3 [illegible]

THERAPION [illegible]

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Entered for Record Sept. 1, 1904.

[illegible] to Lau Jim ......[illegible]
Pioneer Bldg & Loan Assn to Y Keohokalole Estate ......Rel
Pioneer Bldg & Loan Assn to Y Keohokalole Estate ......Rel
Rose K Akana to Ellen K Akana ......Agrmt
[illegible] and wf to [illegible] ......M
Henry H Parker to Territory of Hawaii ......D
John B [illegible] and wf to J Alfred Magoon ......M
Est of W L Wilcox by Exor to W H [illegible] ......D
Est of W L Wilcox by Exor to W W Chamberlain ......D
W W Chamberlain to Annie L Kailiuli ......D
W R Castle to Annie L Kailiuli......D
Annie L Kailiuli and hsb to W R Castle Tr ......M
W Hook to Loku Gow......D

Entered for Record Sept. 2, 1904.

J M Kahalemoku and wf to Akaiko Akana ......D
Wm Kalaehao and wf to Mary N Simerson ......D
Western & Hawn Invst Co Ltd to W R Castle ......Rel
Est W C Lunalilo by Trs to W L Wilcox ......Rel
Western & Hawn Invst Co Ltd to W L Wilcox ......Rel
Mary Lucas et als to Albert Waterhouse et al ......D
W A Johnston to Stearns Buck...Rel
C Winam to Annie K Hall......Sur L
Annie K Hall and hsb by Tr to C Winam.L

Recorded Aug. 26, 1904.

Kimokeo Mahoe (k) to D M Kapalau (k); D; int in R P 1580, Kul 7165, Heeia, Koolaupoko, Oahu; $20. B 264, p 53. Dated Mar 10, 1894.

K W Beniamina and wf to D M Kapalau (k); D; 1-24 int in R P 1580, Kul 7165, Heeia, Koolaupoko, Oahu; $1, etc. B 264, p 54. Dated Mar 15, 1894.

Keau and hsb to D M Kapalau (k); D; 1-6 int in R P 1580, Kul 7165, Heeia, Koolaupoko, Oahu; $1, etc. B 264, p 55. Dated Mar 16, 1894.

Koleka and hsb to D M Kapalau (k); D; int in real estate of Kahaku (k) dec, Heeia, Koolaupoko, Oahu; $3. B 264, p 56. Dated Mar 10, 1894.

Bank of Hawaii Ltd to John Schleif; Rel; lots 11, 13 and 14, blk 36, Kaimuki Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; $500. B 236, p 146. Dated Jan 9, 1904.

John Schleif and wf to Pioneer Bldg & Loan Assn of Hawaii; M; lots 11, 13 and 14, blk 36, Kaimuki Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; $1000. B 259, p 389. Dated Jan 9, 1904.

Kalua Holi to Yamashita; L; ½ A in R P 1294, Waikoekoe, Hamakua, Hawaii; 9 yrs @ $10 per yr. B 263, p 40. Dated Aug 19, 1904.

P H Kahau and wf to Ida C Burnette; M; lot 33, blk 6, Kewalo Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; $290. B 259, p 390. Dated Oct 5, 1903.

Olaa Sugar Co Ltd to Bishop & Co; M; lands, leaseholds, mills, bldgs, cane crops, rolling stock, livestock, mchnry, etc, Hawaii; $633,618.38 and advs to $700,000. B 259, p 392. Dated July 19, 1904.

Est of S C Allen by Trs to Ho Yee; Rel; lots 1 and 3, Kauluwela Lots, Honolulu, Oahu; $1000. B 199, p 37. Dated Aug 26, 1904.

Mary J Alexander by atty to Gear, Lansing & Co by Trs; Par Rel; lots 1 and 4, blk 51, and lot 4, blk 56, Kaimuki Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; $533. B 259, p 409. Dated Aug 26, 1904.

First Amer Savs & Tr Co of Hawaii Ltd to Gear, Lansing & Co; Par Rel; lots 9 and 11, blk 51, Kaimuki Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 14 and 15, blk 56, Kaimuki Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; lots 1, 2, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11 and 13, blk 57 Kaimuki Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; $1275. B 259 p 411. Dated Aug 26, 1904.

Recorded Aug. 29, 1904.

Ah Siu to Ah Kiona; BS; 3 leaseholds, bldg, livestock, 10,000 lbs rice, tools, etc, Wailuanui, Hana, Maui; $250. B 265, p 137. Dated Aug 26, 1904.

E B Wells to Maui Agricultural Co; AM; mtg G E Miner on por Gr 59 and pc land, Haiku, Hamakualoa, Maui; $5500. B 260, p 112. Dated July 27, 1904.

Maui Agricultural Co to C B Wells; AM; mtg G E Miner on por Gr 59 and pc land, Haiku, Hamakualoa, Maui; $1. B 260, p 112. Dated Aug 6, 1904.

C B Wells to H P Baldwin; AM; mtg G E Miner on por Gr 59 and pc land, Haiku, Hamakualoa, Maui; $5500. B 260, p 113. Dated Aug 9, 1904.

Carl du Roi by Regr; Notice; decree of title in Land Reg Court Case No 16. B 265, p 139. Dated Aug 29, 1904.

John N Kapahu and wf to Waiohinu Agricultural and Grazing Co; D; por Grs 1941 and 2423, rents, etc, Nukakaia, etc, Kau, Hawaii; $1 and mtg $120. B 264, p 60. Dated June 10, 1904.

Antonio C Souza and wf to John Hind; D; int in lot 29, Gr 4826, Kaauhuhu, N Kohala, Hawaii; $500. B 264, p 61. Dated July 11, 1904.

J P Mendonca to C Bolte; AM; mtg C Lai Young on lot 2, blk B, of Kul 4034, Asylum Road, Honolulu, Oahu; $1250. B 213, p 350. Dated Aug 29, 1904.

J P Mendonca to C Bolte; AM; add secy of C Lai Young on Ap 2, R P 1906 and household furniture, Kapalama, etc, Honolulu, Oahu; ½ int in rice plants of Sun Tai Wai Co, Kaneohe, Koolaupoko, Oahu; ½ int in rice plants of Lam Sam Chin, Heeia, Koolaupoko, Oahu; buggy, horse, watch and chain; $1. B 260, p 19. Dated Aug 29, 1904.

Est of William L Wilcox by Exor to Peter C Jones Ltd; D; int in por Gr 3366, King St, Honolulu, Oahu; $600. B 264, p 63. Dated Aug 29, 1904.

Bruce Cartwright and as atty et al to James I Dowsett; Rel; ½ int in R P 1619, Waikiki, Honolulu, Oahu; ½ int in Kul 104, Kalaukao, etc, Honolulu Harbor, Oahu; ½ int in [illegible] A land, Mokapu, Koolaupoko, Oahu; ½ int in leasehold of Kul 104, Moanalua, Honolulu, Oahu; [illegible]. B [illegible], p [illegible]. Dated Aug 29, 1904.

Territory of Hawaii by Supt Pub Wks to C Brewer & Co Ltd; L; [illegible] land and warehouse on cor [illegible], South and Queen Sts, Honolulu, Oahu; [illegible] per yr. B [illegible], p [illegible]. Dated Aug [illegible], 1904.

[illegible] to Henry [illegible]; D; [illegible], Maui; [illegible]. B [illegible], p [illegible]. Dated Aug [illegible], 1904.

[illegible]. Dated Aug [illegible], 1904.

[illegible]. Dated Aug [illegible], 1904.

[illegible]. Dated [illegible], 1904.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

BY DANIEL LOGAN.

So far as the stock sheets reveal there has been nothing whatever doing on the Exchange boards or between them during the past week. Blank responses are also received to personal inquiries of brokers. From the inside the reason given for the inactivity in securities—in contrast to the buzz about Hawaiian stocks in San Francisco—is that "the people haven't got the money." On the outside the complaint is of dearth of information regarding the status of particular enterprises listed on the Exchange. There is also the same talk as was reported in a former article, finding fault with the suppression of the facts in a large proportion of stock transactions that do take place. The news from San Francisco has been stimulating enough, from day to day, to cause some reciprocating movement here if there are no local circumstances preventing, and that not a ripple has speared on the surface of things here for a weak may almost be accepted as proof that some mysterious influences are operating on the home market. Both the inside and the outside reasons mentioned above are probably correct, but each only to a limited extent. To make up for the blank in stock transactions, the following dividend list of August 31 served a good turn: C. Brewer & Co., 2 per cent; Ewa Plantation, ½ per cent; Waimanalo, 1 per cent; Haiku, 1 per cent; Paia, 1 per cent; Hawn. Electric Co., ½ per cent; Inter-Island S. N. Co., 1 per cent; Honomu, 1 per cent; Wailuku, 1½ per cent; Onomea (S. F., Sept. 5), 1 per cent; Pacific Sugar Mill, 5 per cent.

CONDITIONS ALL RIGHT.

That the prospects for Hawaiian sugar plantations are better than in years past is apparent from the statistical position of the market, which with such information of our different securities listed in San Francisco as may be available there doubtlessly forms the basis of the active demand there with steadily rising quotations. Raw sugar of the standard we furnish persists at 4.255 cents in New York, now for several weeks. That the price does not recede is due to conditions promising of an advance in the near future, probably between the marketing of the last of our present crop and the shipping of the first of our next crop. The stopping of the recent advance in the market is explained by mail advices with facts that do not portend a retrograde movement for at least another twelvemonth. Willett & Gray's circular of August 18 states that refineries have stocked up in advance to an extent that does not require eagerness on their part, for the present, to absorb immediate arrivals. They will need all that is coming their way, however, in good time if the figures for all over signify anything. For the week reported in the circular the total stocks in the four ports of the United States was reduced 10,000 tons and stood at 136,072 tons, or less than one-half of the supply held at that time last year. The Cuban crop was practically ended. In Europe the weather was unfavorable for the growing crop of beets, and taking it altogether the condition of the crop was very uneven.

AN INTERESTING DISCUSSION.

Nothing in a long time has excited more public interest than the discussion of the results of annexation led by Messrs. P. C. Jones and Wm. G. Irwin, in the order named, through the medium of the Advertiser. Mr. Jones gave figures showing an immense expansion of our chief industry since Hawaii was annexed to the United States. In 1899, for instance, the production of sugar was 282,807 tons and in 1903 it was 437,991 tons. There was great peril, on the eve of annexation, that the reciprocity treaty under which our sugar entered the American market free of duty would shortly be abrogated. Had the islands not been annexed and had the treaty been lost, the cost in sugar duties to Hawaii on the quantity shipped until now Mr. Jones estimated at $52,000,000. Mr. Irwin argued, with reference especially to our field labor supply, that Hawaii was virtually a colony which should have special consideration. Mr. Jones, in explaining the recent depression, mentioned the excessive speculation of the boom times on the heels of annexation as one cause. In the discussion an anonymous correspondent has produced the interesting calculation that the Chinese and Japanese residents paid two-thirds of the $900,000 customs duties collected in Hawaii in 1903, regarding which complainers about the times have made a good deal of talk to show that Hawaii is giving more than it receives as a member of the Union. It may easily be imagined by anyone who "knows the town" that the response from many to this exhibit of our Asiatic fellow-residents as public burden-bearers will be that the Orientals ought to contribute a still greater proportion of the revenue as an offset to the million a month they remit to their native lands. This would not be an unjust remark to make with regard to Territorial taxes, if it is correct what the writer was informed the other day by a business man. This was that there are scores of Japanese storekeepers in Honolulu—probably also in the country—who carry stocks just safely within the exemption limit of $300 fixed by the tax law. The aggregate of merchandise that thus escapes taxation—at the same time that it is being sold in competition with the goods of citizens which are being taxed up to the handle—must be very great.

GOLDEN ADVICE.

Reverting to the discussion initiated by Mr. Jones, the following passages from his communication are reproduced as worthy of being framed by every patriotic citizen and kept constantly in view:

"What of the future? It seems to me the future looks bright for us. We have many advantages here in this fair land, that no other part of the United States enjoys. Among them is a climate unequalled in any part of the world; we are free from great and disastrous floods, tornadoes and other things that cause so much disaster in other parts of the land; we have valuable sugar estates that have paid liberally in the past, are now paying reasonable dividends, and will continue to pay for years to come so long as they are honestly managed as they have been in the past, and are now being managed; we are enjoying good prices for our main product and the prospects look very bright for the future in many ways. We have good honest men here and lots of them in every department of trade and our mechanics compare favorably with those of the best on the mainland, but we want more good men to come in and settle among us.

"The future of these Islands will be just what we ourselves make it. We want to do more than encourage tourists to visit us; we want, as your paper has been advocating, men with families to come in and take up our unoccupied lands and settle permanently in the Islands. For one I feel greatly encouraged about our future. Our native Hawaiian citizens are fast grasping the idea of American citizenship, and I feel satisfied they are as anxious to have good men in office as any, and the next election in November will prove this."

ODDS AND ENDS.

Speaking of settlers, it is gratifying to be able to announce that Land Commissioner Pratt will shortly open up a tract of about [illegible] acres net on this island of Oahu to settlement. The land is within five miles of Haleiwa and has three miles of frontage on the railway. It is to be divided into eighteen lots averaging 200 acres each. The lands are those named Pupukea and Paumalu on the map amounting to 4000 acres, but 400 acres possessing water sources are reserved for the common benefit of the settlers taking up the allotments. The mode of transfer will probably be that of 21 year leases with right of purchase.—By a stipulation in court [illegible] of moneys pertaining to the defunct Kona Sugar Co. is about to be distributed amongst creditors, some to be paid in full and others pro rata of their claims.—The United States Weather Bureau's station was opened the 1st inst., and sends climate and crop reports of Hawaii to Washington which will be published all over the Union.—Secretary Atkinson has succeeded in composing a strike of citizen labor on the [illegible] road under contract from the loan fund.—Notwithstanding grumbling occasionally heard about loan fund expenditure as being slow, the contracts thus far let or about to be probably brings the million dollars very near to their last quarter in [illegible]. Many of the public improvements out of the fund are completed.—The Federal Government is about to expend a round [illegible] in a contract for the erection of a new immigration station here.—In real estate many transactions are recorded, both of town and country, ranging from a few hundred dollars to one or two thousands, indicating considerable activity in home building.—Two lots of land in [illegible] district, [illegible], aggregating about [illegible] acres, were sold by Commissioner Pratt yesterday at auction, [illegible] paying [illegible] for one lot and W. F. Allen [illegible] for the other, or the upset price in both cases of [illegible] an acre. Allan Herbert entered a protest on behalf of the public to the sale on the ground that the lands should have been reserved for settlement.—John [illegible], contractor, bought [illegible] acres in Manoa valley under foreclosure at Morgan's auction room yesterday for [illegible]. The price is considered as not bad in view of the fact that one-half of the land is very steep pali.—With all that may be deemed as indicating a dull week in the foregoing review, there is a positive tone of cheerfulness over the situation as a whole pervading business circles.

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MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND HUMOROUS SELECTIONS, AND A CONTINUATION OF THOMAS FITCH'S INTERESTING ARTICLES ON HIS FOREIGN TRAVELS. PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS OF THE BYSTANDER.

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ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Friday, Sept. 2.

O. S. S. Alameda, Dowdell, from San Francisco, at 8:30 a. m.

Br. sp. Queen Victoria, Baker, 118 days from Cadiff, at 7:45 a. m.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Koolau ports, at 11 a. m.

Am. schr. A. E. Smale, Wirschuleit, from Karatsu, Japan, at 8 p. m.

Saturday, Sept. 3.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, from Hawaii and Maui ports, 4:26 a. m.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, from Hilo and way ports, 1 p. m.

Sunday, September 4.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, from Kauai ports, a. m.

Stmr. Claudine, Parker, from Maui ports, a. m.

Schr. Robert Lewers, Underwood, from Laysan Island, 8 a. m.

Stmr. Likelike, Naopala, from Maui and Molokai ports, 8:45 a. m.

Monday, Sept. 5.

P. M. S. S. Korea, Seabury, from the Orient, 9 a. m.

P. M. S. S. Manchuria, Saunders, from San Francisco.

DEPARTED FROM HONOLULU.

Friday, Sept. 2.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Maui, Kona and Kau ports, at noon.

Stmr. Maui, Bennett, for Maui and Hawaii ports, at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Niihau, W. Thompson, for Kauai ports, 4 p. m.

A.-H. S. S. Hawaiian, Delano, for Delaware Breakwater, 7 a. m.

Bkt. Amelia, Wilder, for Eureka, 8:30 a. m.

Schr. Mokihana, for Island ports, 11 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per stmr. Kinau, Sept. 3, from Hilo and way ports—C. A. Christian, E. Gadzik, Mrs. A. De Christani, Mrs. B. Love, R. W. Kempshall, F. W. Butler, J. Adams, Mrs. J. Adams and child, E. J. Moses, C. B. Benner, T. Lanstead, W. A. Folger, Geo. Wellorse, C. H. Allen, Dr. P. H. Keese, C. H. Clark, H. E. Murray, J. H. Kaiwi, C. L. Beal, D. Coughlan, F. P. Waterhouse, W. H. Crawford, W. T. Rawlins, Sam Johnson, H. C. Pfluger, J. I. Silva, Mrs. J. I. Silva, T. McCants Stewart, Geo. L. Desha, H. C. Vida, Walter Hoffman, A. W. Kirlan, Miss S. L. Byington, Mrs. E. D. Sherwood, Mrs. L. S. Arnsby, Miss M. Forbes, J. H. Kaleo, M. S. Deponte, C. A. Yarick, Wm. Paskull, Chas. Clark, Mrs. W. A. Folger, Mrs. Dunsteadt, W. T. Heilbron, N. Fernandez, L. E. Pinkham, W. H. Rice Jr., Dr. L. E. Cofer, S. Mahelona, J. A. Aheong, I. Kamakau, Sam Parker, R. W. Aylett, J. S. Kalakiela, R. S. Hosmer, F. E. Thompson, F. Meyer, C. A. Long, J. L. Holt, J. C. Lane, H. C. Lane, C. L. Crabbe, S. G. Walker, Mrs. Walker and two children, T. C. Davies, A. G. M. Robertson, Mrs. Creighton, R. P. Duran, Master S. Kane, Miss L. Arnold, Miss Lizzie Macy, Miss Lydia Macy, Miss Emma Lewis, R. Sadler, Miss Katie Sadler, Miss Akamu, S. Leleiwi, Miss Maltere, Miss Weight, Miss E. O. Osorio, M. Negero, E. G. Clark, Miss Gurney, C. V. Sturtevant, D. T. Carey, J. Cockett, J. Cockett Jr., Miss S. Cockett, Miss L. Wilcox, Rev. J. Kekipi, C. Ahfook, Tin Kwai, En See, Ting Wen, W. Takakuna, J. A. Corrie, D. Coughlan, Lieut. J. B. Slattery.

Per stmr. Claudine, Sept. 4, from Maui ports—J. A. Gilman, Miss N. Daniels, Miss Alexander, Miss Davis, W. F. Desha, D. L. Desha, Miss Peplowski, Miss N. Hannestad, John Chong, E. Meyers, H. Meyers, Mrs. Jno. Noble and child, Miss N. Hala, K. Keoho, Miss A. Keanu, G. Kahakaulia, wife and child, Miss H. Kalino, Mrs. T. K. Pa, Miss Bernice Pa, Mrs. A. Vieira and daughter, Master H. Lake, H. Funihele and wife, Miss K. Funihele, Miss H. Lokalia, Leong Kong Moon, Wm. Scholtz, Masters Robinson (2), Master L. Ferguson, J. V. Fernandez, F. Larsen, Kaunu Sakura, Mrs. M. H. Kauwe, Miss H. Apo, Rev. S. K. Kaaulua, Miss M. Kaulua, Mrs. Cum Sun, M. D. Monsarrat, J. M. Vivas, C. H. G. Brown, Misses Dunn (2), Masters McKenzie, H. Shibata, Mr. Urata, Mr. Kinoshita, Miss Hanamaikai, Miss A. Op Tai, Miss Achoy Ahu, Miss J. Hansen, Mrs. Von Segern and 3 children, Masters Morton (3), Mrs. Joe Aea and 4 children, Mrs. Mary Richards, Misses Kamanoulu (2), Mrs. Keohinoho, S. Hocking and 3 children, M. Feiteira, J. Feiteira, E. Kahokuolona, D. Kamaka, Masters Henning (2), Master David Pali, P. Sumida, Miss E. Buchanan, Miss Choy, Master Choy, Mrs. M. R. Keohokalole, C. B. Wells, L. Barkhausen, B. M. Isenberg, F. E. Sizers, Miss M. Mossman, W. Haywood, R. D. Mead.

Departed.

For Maui, Kona and Kau ports, per stmr. Mauna Loa, Sept. 2.—T. Holstein, H. L. [illegible] [illegible]

For Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr. Maui, Sept. 2.—[illegible]

TRAVELS OF MACKINTOSH

Interesting Meetings With Island Friends.

Rev. Canon Mackintosh, in his latest letter to the Anglican Church Chronicle, writes as follows of his travels in England and of his meetings with former Honolulans:

Leaving the pleasant surroundings at Holmwood, we started to explore the southern coast of England, and to call upon friends, old and new. By one of those coincidences which please us, we happened to pass through, or rather by, the place of my wife's birth on her birthday. We could see the royal standard flying from the tower of Windsor Castle, and the Eton boys were rejoicing in their montem. We were sped almost too swiftly through the lovely country, and we reached Kismet, the rather ominous name of our friend's home in Torquay, as fresh as when we left London. It is, as usual, our fate to be entertained most heartily. It was a delight to the mother and sister of our friends in San Francisco to see us, and to know that we had seen so recently and left so well their relatives, whom they had not seen for many years. My charming guide piloted me through the silvan mazes of this semi-tropical town, the atmosphere until evening being so much like our own in the islands. We sauntered through parks, past ancient buildings and sumptuous modern habitations. We entered the Norman church, with all the signs of centuries of public worship, and the Victorian church furnished for today's requirements. We gained the heights and looked over the English channel towards France. The shore was lined with sea-side tourists, old and young, all of whom were revelling in the ecstacy of leisure and freedom. The services in the churches we attended, were good. The early celebration of Holy Communion had a large number of communicants. But the church, of course, suffers from the fluctuating nature of the population. It was with much regret that we could spend so short a time with our hospitable hosts, but we had to hurry on to the Isle of Wight to our dear old Honolulu friends, Mr. and Mrs. Walker and their daughter Beatrice, who has blossomed into a young, beautiful and accomplished lady. It would take a volume to describe adequately our delightful sojourn in this paradise of England, but all of you who remember those people and their goings in and out amongst us in Honolulu, will be gratified to know that their lines are in such pleasant places as could not possibly be excelled. Winterbourne, their spacious house, is replete with history, and it is as open to all comers as was the villa in Honolulu. The grounds are laid out in a most romantic fashion—sometimes highly cultivated, sometimes like a primeval forest; here, a splashing fountain—there, a turbulent little river. Close by is the Church of St. Boniface, which was built in 1070, in whose churchyard lies the author of the "Shadow of the Cross," William Adams. He was buried there Jan. 7, 1848; on his tomb is a sun-dial and the shadow of a cross is often over the grave. Mr. Walker has settled down into the country gentleman, and he is full of good works for the people of his neighborhood. At Shanklin our former colleague of Hawaii, the Rev. Cecil Tompkins, is working. We had the pleasure of meeting him and his wife (nee Greenfield of Hamakua) at luncheon at Mr. and Mrs. Walker's. His Hawaiian friends will be glad to know that he is now perfectly well and quite happy in the old country.

Marie had gone on to Bournemouth to visit Mr. and Mrs. T. May, and we were disappointed not to see them on our way. It is very delightful that these old Honolulu friends are so near together. With Honolulu on our lips and in our hearts, we left the Isle of Wight for Tunbridge Wells to see another of our dearest friends still linked with dear old days. But on reaching Portsmouth we were met at the train by Colonel and Mrs. Tevies, the sister and brother-in-law of Captain C. M. V. Forster of Honolulu. I had had a delightful call on Mrs. Tevies the day before, and told her about her brother and his good fortune, and to make the best use of my time in Portsmouth I had luncheon with Mr. Blake, the brother of Mrs. Reilly of St. Paul's, San Francisco, at his club. I missed one friend whom I should have been delighted to see again, the Rev. Mr. Marwood, who visited Honolulu as naval chaplain several times, and who had resided in Portsmouth up to a few days previous to my visit.

On arriving at Tunbridge Wells we found Mrs. Thos. H. Davies and her family all exceedingly well and unchanged. [illegible] all but one of her English sons and daughters joined the household and we five, our son having joined us, made a great Hawaiian party. But the first person we met was Mrs. [illegible], Mrs. George Davies' mother, who left Honolulu only a few months ago. It is peculiar how we drop across people we know. Very happy days we spent in this lovely home replete with every joy but one. The speaking likeness of the once head of the family hung on the walls in several rooms of the stately mansion [illegible] to breathe a blessing upon those he loved so well and had striven so hard to hold.

While at Tunbridge Wells we paid a visit to the [illegible] of our beloved physician, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

One day I walked four and a half miles over glorious country to see the doctor's sister and brother-in-law at their own country seat, a most fascinating place, enclosing and surrounded by some of the most enchanting scenery in England.

After leaving this glorious garden of Kent, and all the sweet attentions of our beloved friends, we took a long stride and flew into Yorkshire to Ilkley. Here we were met by Mr. Humphris, the father of our other beloved physician, and taken to his pretty and substantial home. Here we were greeted by the daughter of the house, sister to our doctor, and a relative of hers, who became our fast friend. We entered the domain of "this fine old English gentleman" under the Hawaiian flag, which he had hoisted in our honor. What did he not do for us? Walks over moors, drives through the Marfedale, dinners, luncheons, everything that boundless love and hospitality could devise. His visit to Honolulu last year has made him almost Hawaiian and if he should return, as he contemplates, he will be quite so. One day he led us to Bolton Abbey, the one ancient structure which has not been allowed altogether to fall to ruin. Some of the old nave is still used for a parish church. Another day we went to Bingley to a meeting of the Grey Ladies. These ladies are gentlewomen with small means who devote themselves gratuitously to work in large and unwieldly parishes. They are doing a splendid work for the church. The Bishop of Ripon presided at the meeting. I was pleased that his lordship remembered me. I had met him at Newcastle and Leeds the last time I was in England. The Rev. G. Perry-Gore, our son Aeneas' vicar, and the Rev. Mr. Magee, son of the late Archbishop of York, were also on the platform and made interesting speeches. We enjoyed the afternoon immensely. We met at this meeting Miss Beckwith, one of the Grey Ladies, who had just returned from South Africa, where she had planted the Girls' Friendly Society. Marie and Miss Beckwith soon found out that they were interested in the same object, and this led to a most delightful event in our lives, no less than an invitation to Lambeth Palace by Mrs. Davidson, wife of the Archbishop of Canterbury and daughter of Archbishop Tait. I must not take the wind out of Marie's sails. She wants to enlarge on this event at the meeting in Boston in October. Another interesting person was present at the Bingley meeting—no less than the future bride of our son. This charming young lady had been connected with the Grey Ladies, and is now a most enthusiastic parish worker at St. Mary's, Oldham, where our son is curate. On another day we went into Leeds to an Episcopal visitation. It was held in the Parish church, and a large number of clergy and churchwardens answered to their names. Though the clergy do not think very highly of these visitations and grudge the time and expense of attending them, yet I think they are not made the most of, even in the mere matter of becoming acquainted with each other and each other's work, and moreover with their bishop. At this moment I am told that if this effusion is not posted within ten minutes you will not get it in time for the September issue. This was written in the Erz-Gebirge mountains amongst the tall pines of Saxony.

A. M.

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NEW PASTOR FOR KOHALA UNION CHURCH

A splendid specimen of stalwart Christian young manhood answered the question "Are you Mr. Buchanan?" with the words "I'm the man," as we searched the Mongolia for the new Patsor of Kohala Union Church. He stayed in Honolulu only a few days en route to his new field but in that short time he won all who met him and gave promise of fine work.

Mr. Buchanan was born in Hensall, Ontario, Canada, passing his early years in that man-making environment. As a boy he learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed for some years as a means to earn the wherewithal of a higher education. In pursuit of his trade he found himself ere long in the United States where he has spent a large part of his life. Going to Missouri he entered Park College from which he graduated in arts in 1901. He followed this with a full course in Auburn Seminary, New York, where he met his future fellow-laborer, Mr. Henry P. Judd of Honolulu. On leaving Auburn he accepted the call to Kohala which will be his first regular pastorate, though he has done not a little preaching from place to place.

Mr Buchanan comes of a family remarkable for the sturdy health of its members. His maternal grandmother, still hale and hearty, boasts ten children, eighty grandchildren and twenty great-grandchildren, a family circle not yet entered by death. Since the birth of her first child not one of her descendants has lost life, and all today are in robust health. It would certainly be hard to match such a record.

Mr Buchanan has traveled very widely in Canada and the United States. He had seen many sides of life and in addition to the fine training of a carpenter's trade is an expert photographer, [illegible] [illegible] in this art. He comes to the islands well fitted for the hard [illegible] work demanded of [illegible]. He is unmarried.

We congratulate Kohala on securing such a strong pastor, and wish both him and his church [illegible] prosperity.—The Friend.

MAY ALL LIVE A HUNDRED YEARS

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Length of human life, approximating the years enjoyed by the patriarchs of the later Mosaic age, is predicted by Dr. Oliver Ferguson of Cheltenham, who, to say the least, is a pleasantly optimistic scientist.

He anticipates the happy time when all disease germs shall have gone the way of the extinct mammoth and the mastodon, of the "black death" and of the "sweating sickness."

Lecturing the other day at Oxford, Dr. Ferguson said that "for those happy people who shall be living a hundred years hence there probably no longer will be any dread of infection, for perhaps before then—thanks to radium and its congeners—we shall have exterminated all noxious bacteria, and our grandchildren, therefore all will live a hundred years or more."

According to Dr. Ferguson, up to the present time humanity has been born prematurely, and the last hundred years in science have been worth all the thousands that preceded them. In support of this argument he stated that within the last sixty years the average length of life has been extended by about a decade.

With the advance of medical science Dr. Ferguson conceives that there may be "no weaker organs in the human body hereafter." If that should be the case, to use his own words, "the last act (death) will consequently come to all quite suddenly and painlessly, when all our organs shall be equally worn out together, when all shall give and stop and crumble and dissolve together—just as it was with the celebrated 'one-hoss shay.'"

Commentators on the Cheltenham scientist's lecture assert that he would have illustrated his meaning more aptly by quoting Rider Haggard's description of the passing away of the mysterious "She" in that author's remarkable African romance.

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JAPANESE POET ON THE MANCHURIA

Yone Noguchi, the Japan poet who is to pass through here on the Manchuria, enjoys a remarkable success as a poet in the English language. Columns might be filled with words of praise written about him by leading English and American critics. Yone Noguchi was a student at the University of California when his work first began to attract attention. Since the publication of his first volume of poems by a San Francisco publisher, his name has become known all over England and America.

The young poet is returning to his native land, which should surely be proud of him. He has not forgotten his country as is indeed shown by the first lines in his last book, just published:

Fuji Yama,
Touched by thy divine breath,
We return to the shape of God.
Thy silence is Song.
Thy song is the song of Heaven:
Our land of fever and care
Turns to a home of mellow-eyed ease—
The home away from the land
Where mortals are born only to die.
We Japan daughters and sons
Chanting of thy fair majesty,
The pride of God,
Seal our shadows in thy bosom—
The balmiest place of eternity,
O white-faced wonder,
O matchless sight,
O Sublimity, O Beauty.

Some of the critics find in Noguchi a certain extravagance of expression and sometimes a straining after effect. But it is agreed by all that, young as he is and in spite of the difficulties of language, he has shown a wonderful delicacy and beauty in both expression and sentiment. Arrangements will be made to entertain the distinguished visitor while he is in Honolulu.—Hawaii Shimpo.

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OAT REPLIES TO HILO KICK

In answer to the kick of the Hilo residents about a delay in the Ventura's mail recently, Postmaster Oat made the following statement.

"The Ventura got in Wednesday, a day too late for the Kinau. The Likelike was to sail for Maui and Molokai ports on that evening and was to go to Kawaihae for cattle. Her agents stated that she might make that port by Saturday. If she did and made all the carrier connections the mail could have reached Hilo on Tuesday. But as she was not a regular mail boat and was late on her schedule there was a good chance of her cutting out Kawaihae and bringing the mail back.

"As a matter of fact Kaston only reached Hilo on Wednesday, Kinau day, and the heavy mail which would have filled a four horse cart would certainly not have been taken over the rough roads as fast as Kaston and his party went. We did what in our judgment was best for the Hilo people. At least there was no steamer going from Honolulu to Hilo direct."

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UNNECESSARY EXPENSE.—Acute attacks of colic, cholera morbus and diarrhoea come on without warning and prompt relief must be obtained. There is no necessity of incurring the expense of a physician's service in such cases if Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is at hand. A dose of this remedy will relieve the patient before a doctor could arrive. It has never been known to fail, even in the most severe and dangerous cases. Sold by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd. Agents for Hawaii.

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HOLLISTER DRUG CO. Agents.

CHRISTIANIZING THE JAPANESE

Referring to the Advertiser's remarks about the Hawaii Shimpo's article on Missionary Work Among the Japanese, that paper says:

Only time, of course, can sustain or disprove the Advertiser's suggestions. "A process of the ages" is not something one man in a lifetime can observe, except it be a process of past ages. Yet it is worth while to note that one at least of the important causes of the Christianity's triumph in Rome is lacking in Japan, and that is persecution. It was largely the persecution and martyrdom of the early saints that spread Christianity. But for those terrible object lessons in devotion and faith, the world would have heard of Christ much more slowly,—we do not say if at all. In Japan there is no religious persecution and never will be, to make martyrs and magnets of the devotees of any sect. And if the assertion of the Advertiser be true, that instead of the furnishing sublime examples which turned conquered Rome, Christianity is acquiring in Japan the reputation of being the religion of cheats, surely it can have little progress. As for devotion to the Emperor, it will last as long as Japan has an emperor who even half deserves it as splendidly as does the present ruler. If he becomes Christian, Japan will probably follow to a very large extent, but is that the sort of "soul conviction" the missionaries are striving after?

James for Roosevelt.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Aug. 20.—In a speech at the Quantril reunion today Frank James, the former bandit, declared that he had been treated and honored like a man in Ohio and Pennsylvania and starved to death in his native state. He affirmed that he intended to vote for Roosevelt and down the line. James declared that he was a Republican, adding:

"I do not care what you may say about me, boys, but I am guerrilla and a confederate till I die, and all I want you to do is to sound taps over my grave."

Cole Younger also was present, but declined to make an address, though repeatedly called upon.

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Sale of Pope's Clothing.

ROME, Aug. 20.—The Vatican authorities have forbidden the nuns of the Order of Reparition to dispose of the pope's discarded clothing. Those sisters attend to Pius X.'s washing and mending and they were in the habit of selling discarded articles for the benefit of their order. Even the buttons from the papal cassock, neatly sewed on cardboard, with an appropriate inscription, formed material for the trade, which included hosiery and pieces of the most valuable wearing apparel. Each article was marked with the monastery seal. Many visitors to Rome thus have been enabled to take home personal souvenirs of the pope.

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French Anglers Contest.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Probably the greatest fishing contest ever held in France came off this week on the banks of the Seine, near Paris, when 2,000 Izaak Waltons assembled, at the invitation of a local newspaper, to try their luck and skill. The spectators numbered more than 10,000. About eighty pounds of fish were taken, the largest being a 16-ounce carp. An anglers' banquet and ball followed the contest.

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Copies now on sale at all book stores of the Hawaiian Forester and Agriculturist, a monthly magazine of forestry, entomology and agriculture, issued under the direction of the Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry. Price 10 cents a copy.

COURT NOTICES.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.—AT CHAMBERS—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of Manuel [illegible] de Freitas, of Koloa, Kauai, Deceased. Order of Notice of Hearing Petition for Administration.

On reading and filing the petition of Maria Augusta [illegible] Freitas of Koloa, Kauai, alleging that Manuel [illegible] de Freitas of Koloa, Kauai, died intestate at Koloa on the first day of May, A. D. 1904, leaving property in the Hawaiian Islands necessary to be administered upon, and praying that Letters of Administration issue to herself;

It is ordered that Thursday, the 29th day of September, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said Petition in the Court Room of this Court at Lihue, Kauai, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said Petition should not be granted, and that notice of this order be published in the English language for three successive weeks in the Hawaiian Gazette, newspaper in Honolulu.

Dated at Lihue, August 20th, 1904.

(Signed) J. HARDY,
Judge of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit.

Attest:
JNO. A. PALMER,
Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit.

2618—4T—Aug. 23, 30, Sept. 6, 13.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

KOHALA CLUB AND TRANSPORTATION CO., LTD.

The following list of officers were appointed at the postponed annual meeting of the Kohala Club and Transportation Co., Ltd., held 19th August, 1904, for the ensuing year:

President	John Hind
Vice-President	Robt. Hall
Auditor	J. H. Mackenzie
Treasurer	W. P. McDougall
Secretary	F. C. Paetow

Directors: H. R. Bryant, J. Sakai, G. P. Tulloch, F. Woods.

F. C. PAETOW,
Secretary.

Niulii, Aug. 20, 1904. 2620

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ENGRAVINGS

[illegible]